Understanding BOY Assessments, Your Child's Data & Home Support Tips

Parent Coffee ~ October 17, 2023

Introductions

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Outcomes Understanding Assessment Data

- Understand the purpose of the BOY assessments
- Understand Your Child's Data
- Learn how you can support the academic growth for your student



How is BOY data used?

Assessment Data

- Multiple data points provides a well-rounded picture of each student's abilities
- Helps us to identify child's strengths and needs in reading and math.
- Assists in identifying areas for foundational intervention, extension and enrichment.
- Match your child with text based on skills
- Allows flexibility in grouping to meet student needs

2023-24 Fall Data	
iReady Reading %*	
Developmental Spelling Assessment	
Passage Reading Fluency	
iReady Math %*	

BOY Assessments

Grade Level(s):	Assessment Name:	Focus Area:
Kindergarten	Phonological Awareness Literacy Screening (PALS)	Phonological Awareness
Grades 1-6	iReady	Reading and Math
Grades *1-6	*Word Recognition Fluency Passage Reading Fluency	Fluency and Comprehension
Grades 1-6	Developmental Spelling Assessment (DSA) grades 1-6	Encoding (Spelling)

Multi-TieredSystems of Support

- Assessments identify domains that may require intervention to close foundational gaps.
- Teachers may use additional assessments to narrow the area of need.
- Teachers will work with students in specific area of need during content time or W.I.N. (What I Need) Time
- Parents are notified by the teacher if their child is receiving a tier three intervention in a specific content area (Math or Reading)

Science of Reading

FCPS has moved instructional practices over the past few years to align with the Science of Reading.

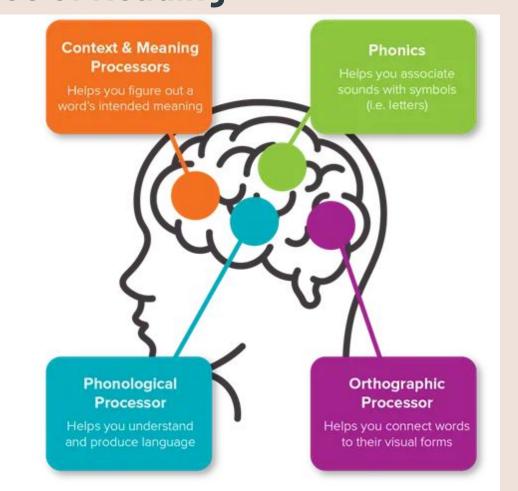
The SCIENCE of READING is a body of research that investigates how children learn to read and what instructional approaches are most effective.



Science of Reading

The science of reading tells us:

- Human brains are not naturally wired to pick up on reading
- Although important, Being surrounded by books and being read to is not enough to teach a child to read.
- Reading instruction must be repetitive, explicit and systematic
- Reading is complex and requires a lot of work.



THE MANY STRANDS THAT ARE WOVEN INTO SKILLED READING

LANGUAGE COMPREHENSION

BACKGROUND KNOWLEDGE (facts, concepts, etc.)

VOCABULARY (breadth, precision, links, etc.)

LANGUAGE STRUCTURES (syntax, semantics, etc.)

VERBAL REASONING (inference, metaphor, etc.)

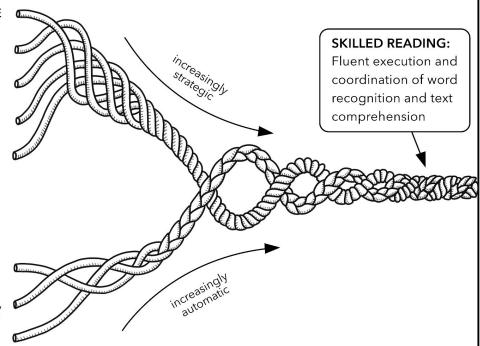
LITERACY KNOWLEDGE (print concepts, genres, etc.)

WORD RECOGNITION

PHONOLOGICAL AWARENESS (syllables, phonemes, etc.)

DECODING (alphabetic principle, spelling-sound correspondences)

SIGHT RECOGNITION (of familiar words)



Kindergarten

EMAS- Early Mathematics Assessment System- Mathematical Skills

PALS- Phonological Awareness Literacy Screening

These assessments are being completed by the Kindergarten teacher. Results will be provided after the assessment window closes the end of October.

Grade Level Benchmark: Fluency

What is word recognition fluency?

- Reading words without decoding
- Automaticity is key!

What is passage reading fluency?

- Accuracy
- Rate
- Expression

Fluent readers are better able to focus on constructing meaning-comprehending what they read!

Assessment	Passage Reading Fluency (PRF)
Grade Level:	Expected Fluency Score Expected Fall Benchmark Words Correct Per Minute
1st Grade	7* *Word Recognition Fluency (Fall)
2nd Grade	50
3rd Grade	83
4th Grade	94
5th Grade	121
6th Grade	132

Grade Level Benchmark: DSA

1st Grade

2nd Grade

What is the DSA?

- screening tool
- twenty-five words that become progressively more difficult
- key spelling features that relate to the different spelling stages are identified

How is it used?

 determine each child's developmental spelling stage.

Expected stage scores/levels for the END of the year are listed in the chart by grade level. —>

Assessment	Developmental Spelling Analysis
	(DSA)

Grade Level: Expected Stage by end of the year

Early to Mid Within Word

Mid to Later Within Word

3rd Grade Later Within Word to Early Syllable

4th Grade Early to Middle Syllable Juncture

5th Grade Middle to Late Syllable Juncture

6th Grade Late Syllable Juncture to Derivational Constancy

DSA

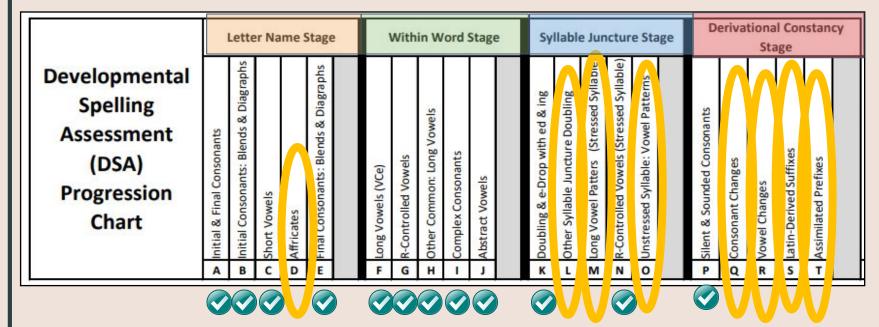
	6	Lette	er Na	me S	Stage	9	Ó	With	in W	ord :	Stage	e	Sy	llable	e Jun	ctur	e Sta	Derivational Constancy Stage						
Developmental Spelling Assessment (DSA) Progression Chart	Initial & Final Consonants	Initial Consonants: Blends & Diagraphs	Short Vowels	Affricates	Final Consonants: Blends & Diagraphs		Long Vowels (VCe)	R-Controlled Vowels	Other Common: Long Vowels	Complex Consonants	Abstract Vowels		Doubling & e-Drop with ed & ing	Other Syllable Juncture Doubling	Long Vowel Patters (Stressed Syllable)	R-Controlled Vowels (Stressed Syllable)	Unstressed Syllable: Vowel Patterns		Silent & Sounded Consonants	Consonant Changes	Vowel Changes	Latin-Derived Suffixes	Assimilated Prefixes	
	Α	В	С	D	E		F	G	Н	1	J		K	L	M	N	0		P	Q	R	S	T	

DSA

	Letter Name Stage							Within Word Stage S							Jun	ctur	e Sta	ge	Derivational Constancy Stage					
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DSA

EXAMPLE



Reteaching

They could use a review/ reteaching

Independent level

They can do this on their own!

Instructional level

They are ready to learn!

Frustrational level

They are not ready for this material.

i-Ready - Data Interpretation

An overall score **below the 40th percentile** usually indicates there are areas of intervention needed. Further data may be needed in this area.

Domain Scores are reported as:

- Needs Improvement- Foundational Needs in Domain are Noted
- Approaching Grade- appropriate for the beginning of the year
- At Grade- appropriate for the beginning of the year
- Above Grade- appropriate for the beginning of the year



Subject Domains

Phonological Awareness

Phonics

High Frequency Words

Vocabulary

Comprehension: Literature Comprehension: Informational Text Reading Domains

Numbers and Operations

Algebra and Algebraic Thinking Measurement and Data

Geometry

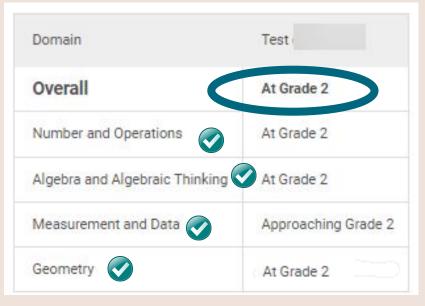
Math Domains

i-Ready Data

Examples

MATH

READING Domain Test Approaching Grade 2 Overall Phonological Awareness* Max Score Phonics* Approaching Grade 2 High-Frequency Words* Max Score Vocabulary Needs Improvement Comprehension: Literature Approaching Grade 2 Comprehension: Informational Text Approaching Grade 2



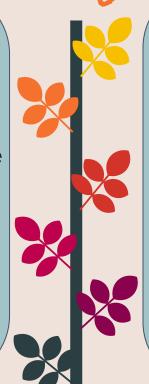


At home support Word Recognition



K-2:

- Read or recite nursery rhymes
- play sound games—take turns making words that rhyme or start with the same sound.
- Encourage students to read to you!
- Direct eyes to text



3-6:

- Read poetry
- Have fun with wordplay and puns,
- notice word patterns: look for where the same word parts (prefixes, suffixes and roots) are related in meaning.

At home support Language Comprehension



- Read engaging literature beyond individual abilities
- Read nonfiction texts on a variety of topics.
- Discuss everyday adventures.
- Build background knowledge



- Discuss and analyze the characters and stories in books and movies.
- Process new information you are learning together.

Questions

