# Success in Housing

# How much does criminal background matter?

A collaborative research project from four of Minnesota's leading housing nonprofits, conducted by Wilder Research.









## Housing stability and incarceration

The cycle of housing instability and incarceration is well-documented and well-known. Systemic barriers and the challenges of homelessness increase the risk of re-offending.

As a Collaborative, we questioned how we could disrupt this cycle and make our housing more inclusive. By joining forces (and data), we conducted a first-of-its-kind study with Wilder Research to learn more about the relationship between criminal history and success in housing.

## What we wanted to **learn**

- 1. Does an applicant's criminal history actually predict their ability to maintain stable housing?
- 2. As housing providers, could we be doing more to increase accessibility to housing and reduce barriers?

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## Who did we study?

This study includes de-identified data from residents who lived in our properties between March 2010 and June 2017.

#### 10,500+ households

including 15,000+ individuals

with an average household income of:

\$15,958

#### 3 in 10 households

contain at least 1 adult with a prior criminal conviction.

Average length of stay: **3 years** 

### Household Type

61% single adults under 65

**13%** single adults over 65

16% multiple adults without kids

11% families with children

## The research: What we found

We knew that criminal backgrounds are more complex than a checkbox on an application, and the scope of this project couldn't possibly study all of these complexities. However, we asked how much a criminal background really matters in terms of housing success, and the research shows that for the most part, **it has little effect**.

# 🤣 Key Finding 1

**11 of 15** criminal offense categories have no significant effect on housing outcomes. These categories include:

- Marijuana possession
- Alcohol-related offenses (other than DUI)
- Serious traffic offenses (other than DUI)
- Minor public order offenses
- DUI/DWI or reckless driving
- Other minor violence-related offenses
- Minor drug-related offenses
- Disorderly conduct
- Prostitution
- Domestic violence
- Other violent offenses

## 5 Key Finding 2

The effect of a prior criminal offense on a resident's housing outcome declines over time.

Misdemeanor: after 2 years

#### Felony: after 5 years

Criminal offenses that occurred more than 5 years prior to move-in have no significant effect on housing outcomes.

#### 4 categories may have a statistically significant effect:

fraud, assault, property offenses, and major drug-related offenses. These offenses increase the risk of negative housing outcomes by 3 to 9 percentage points (at most). However, these effects may be overstated due to the study's data limitations.

## Key Finding 3

The level of impact that criminal backgrounds can have on housing success **is small in comparison** to other factors. The likelihood of a negative housing outcome was significantly reduced in households with: **2+ adults, 1+ children, higher income at move-in, higher subsidy, older adults.** 

#### Source: Wilder Research

### Reflections and implications

- 1. This research supports a nuanced approach to screening based on criminal history. A blanket ban on individuals with a criminal history, and their families, unnecessarily limits access to housing.
- 2. Communities are made stronger when residents have stable housing. We should look to screen people in rather than out, while still maintaining safe, stable communities.
- **3.** We must consider if criminal history <u>unintentionally acts as a proxy</u> to screen for other risk factors and perpetuate systemic injustices.
- **4.** Other household characteristics that we don't screen for are at least as important as criminal background in determining housing outcomes.
- **5.** We believe that any amount of housing stability is important. A negative move-out doesn't equate to unsuccessful housing overall.

To view the full study, visit bit.ly/research-collaborative-results