

### Florida Division of Emergency Management State Watch Office

**Morning Situation Report** 

Wednesday, June 12, 2024



# State Emergency Operations Center Activation Level

Level 2 Activation



### SERT On-Call Personnel

Position	Personnel	Phone	Email
<b>Operations Chief</b>	Sam Walters	(850) 519-8638	Sam.Walters@em.myflorida.com
Watch Officer	Sam Walters	(850) 519-8638	Sam.Walters@em.myflorida.com
<b>Duty Officer</b>	Ben Mauro	(850) 566-4904	Benjamin.Mauro@em.myflorida.com
<b>Operations Officer- Day</b>	Lauren Warfield	(850) 815-4001	SWP@em.myflorida.com
<b>Operations Officer- Swing</b>	Zachary Remante	(850) 815-4001	SWP@em.myflorida.com
<b>Operations Officer- Night</b>	Jim Lawhon	(850) 815-4001	SWP@em.myflorida.com
Meteorologist	Kennedy Tartt	(850) 567-6368	Kennedy.Tartt@em.myflorida.com
Plans Chief	Kaylynn Perry	(850) 254-5657	Plans Command@em.myflorida.com
Logistics Chief	Christina Goetzman	(850) 519-8581	Christina.Goetzman@em.myflorida.com
<b>Human Services Director</b>	Pam Hughes	(850) 528-5638	Pamela.Hughes@em.myflorida.com
<b>Emergency Services</b>	Rob Dietrich	(850) 727-3414	Robert.Dietrich@em.myflorida.com
Infrastructure Branch Director	Megan Hill	(850) 591-2496	Megan.Hill@em.myflorida.com
ESF 8 On-Call	Hunter Stafford	(866) 786-4673 <u>DLDOHDutyOfficers@flhealth.gov</u>	
Public Information Officer	Marnie Villanueva	(850)-591-9544	Marnie.Villanueva@em.myflorida.com
DEM Finance and Admin	Jeremy Smith	(561) 662-8028 <u>Jeremy.Smith@em.myflorida.com</u>	



### Response Regional Coordination Team

Team	County Location	Visits
Region 1: Jim Roberts	Out of Service	Leave (See Coverage)
Region 2: Willie Bouie	Leon	Office Admin / HURREVAC Training
Region 3: Glen Hammers	Columbia	HURREVAC Training
Region 4: James Carter	St Johns	FTEM
Region 5: Austin Beeghly	St Johns	FTEM
Region 6: Paul Siddall	Hillsborough	Weather Monitoring
Region 7: Cristian Rivera	Polk	Hardee HCC Meeting / HURREVAC Training
Region 8: Karen Kozac	St Lucie	Office Admin
Region 9: Theresa Hendry	Out of Service	Leave (See Coverage)
Region 10: Claudia Baker	Broward	RDSTF Meeting



Region 1 Coverage Provided by Recovery Coordinator 1 Region 5/9 Coverage Provided by Response Coordinator 6

Status

**Normal Operations** 

Out of Service / Unavailable



### **Recovery Regional Coordination Team**

Team	County Location	Status / Activities
Region 1: Allison Blevins	Washington	Administrative Duties
Region 2: Justin Lazzara	St. Johns	FTEM
Region 3: Patrick James	Alachua	Administrative Duties
Region 4: Joshua Saunders	St. Johns	FTEM
Region 5: Elizabeth Caison	St. Johns	FTEM
RRCT Manager	St. Johns	FTEM
Region 6: Jeremy O'Dell	St. Johns	FIEW
Region 7: Vacant	N/A	N/A
Region 8: Ja-Pheth Butler-Miller	Indian River	RDSTF Meeting
Region 9: Kathryn Thompson	Lee	Administrative Duties
Region 10: Dana McGeehan	Broward	RDSTF Meeting

Region 7 Coverage Provided by Recovery Coordinator 6

#### Status

**Normal Operations** 

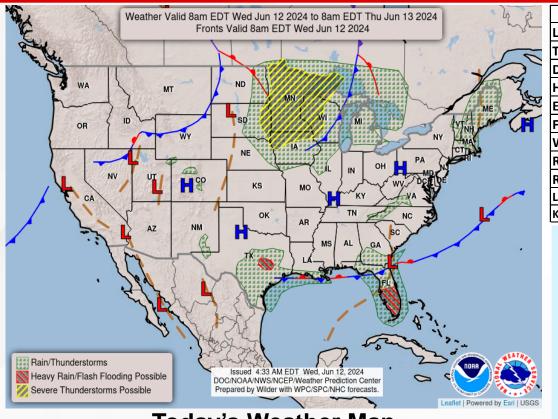
In Region / Delayed Response

Deployed / Delayed Response

Out of Service / Unavailable

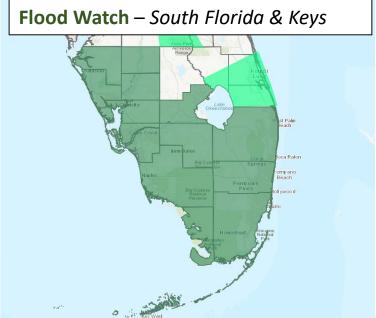


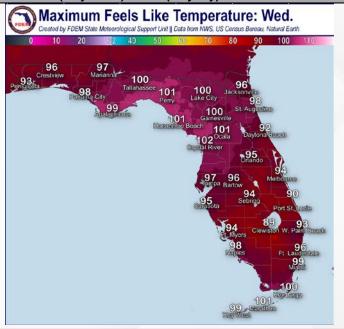
### Meteorology Summary



**Today's Weather Map** 

Threat	R1	R2	R3	R4	R5	R6	R7	R8	R9	R10
Lightning		L	L	L	М	Μ	М	н	Η	Н
Tornado										
Damaging Wind										
Hail										
Excessive Heat	L	L	L	L	L	L	L	L	L	L
Flash Flooding				L	L	М	М	М	М	M
Wildfire	L	L	L	L	L	L	L	L	L	
River Flooding										
Rip Currents	М	Н	L	М	L	Н		M	Н	L
Lake Okeechobee Elevation:	12.70 ft. (0.46 ft. Below Normal)									
Keetch-Byram Drought Index:	509 (-16) on a scale from 0 (very moist) to 800 (very dry)									



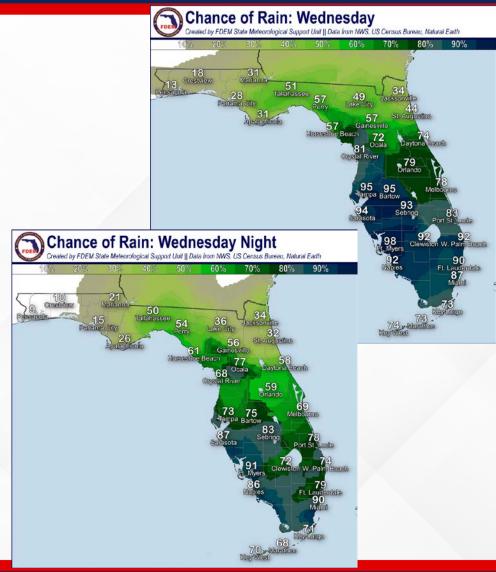




## Meteorology Summary Statewide Overview, Next 24 Hours:

Panhandle: The stationary frontal boundary continues to linger along the eastern I-10 corridor across the Big Bend and Northeast Florida, which will help to create scattered showers and thunderstorms this afternoon and evening. Tropical moisture will push northward into Northeast Florida and the eastern Big Bend throughout the day, as an area of low pressure moves across the northern Florida Peninsula (50-75% chance of rain). The greatest coverage of showers and thunderstorms looks be along the I-75 corridor as the sea breeze will help to enhance shower and thunderstorm development as it moves inland. Isolated strong to severe thunderstorms cannot be ruled out during the peak heating hours of the day, and may produce frequent lightning, gusty winds (40-50 mph) and heavy downpours. Breezy wind gusts of 15-20 mph can be expected east of the I-75 corridor with the help of the pressure difference between high pressure over the Appalachian Mountains and the low pressure moving northeastward. Drier conditions can be expected west of the Apalachicola River; however, an isolated shower or thunderstorm cannot be ruled out. High temperatures will warm up well into the low to middle 90s across the region. Muggy conditions will create heat index values in the upper 90s and low 100s. The lack of daytime heating will allow for showers and thunderstorms to gradually dissipate throughout the evening hours along the I-75 corridor. Isolated showers with a few rumbles of thunder will be possible through the overnight hours along the east of the I-95 corridor where breezy onshore winds may keep activity from moving over the coastal waters. Areas of patchy fog may develop overnight and along the Suwannee Valley. Low temperatures will remain in the low to middle 70s.

Peninsula: Another wet and active weather day can be expected across the Peninsula as tropical moisture continues to bring scattered to numerous showers with embedded thunderstorms throughout the day (75-near 100% chance of rain). Multiple rounds of rainfall can be expected throughout the day, with the greatest coverage this afternoon and evening due to daytime heating processes. Widespread rainfall will develop, with periods of heavy and intense downpours throughout the day. There remains some uncertainty and inconsistencies within computer model guidance on the location, timing and intensity of heavy rainfall rates. A Flood Watch has extended into portions of West-Central Florida due to anticipated additional rainfall throughout today over areas that experienced several inches of rainfall yesterday. The Flood Watch remains in effect across the Florida Keys through this evening, and across South Florida through Thursday evening. Heavy and intense downpours may lead to instances of localized flooding at times, especially for urban and low-lying/poor drainage areas. The sea breeze may develop and push inland with breaks in cloud cover along Treasure Coast this afternoon and evening, which may help to enhanced shower and thunderstorm coverage during the peak heating hours of the day. Locally strong thunderstorms cannot be ruled out at times, especially with any breaks in between cloud coverage through the afternoon and evening hours. Any stronger thunderstorms may be capable of producing frequent lightning, gusty winds and torrential downpours. Greater cloud coverage and elevated rain chances will keep high temperatures in the middle to upper 80s this afternoon. Despite cooler temperatures, tropical moisture will create humid conditions allowing for heat index values to reach the low to middle 90s throughout the Peninsula and upper 90s to near 100degrees along the Florida Keys. Showers and thunderstorms will continue through the evening and overnight hours, despite coverage being less widespread with the lack of daytime heating processes (60-90% chance of rain). Low temperatures will remain in the low to middle 70s overnight throughout the Peninsula and upper 70s to low 80s across the Florida Keys.





### Tropical Weather

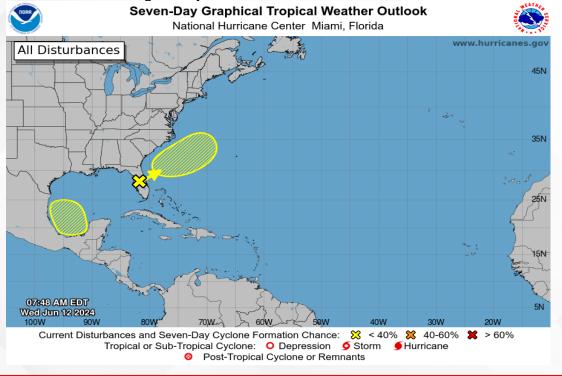
For the latest on the tropics, please visit the National Hurricane Center (NHC) at <u>www.hurricanes.gov</u>.

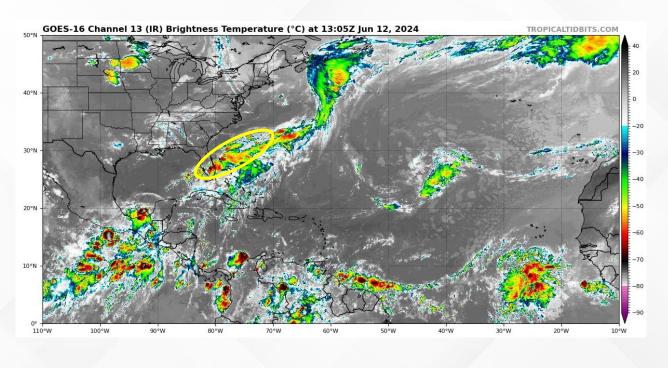
<u>Invest 90L:</u> An elongated area of low pressure over the Florida Peninsula is producing a large area of disorganized showers and thunderstorms. Although upper-level winds are expected to be only marginally conducive, some <u>slow development is possible while the system moves northeastward offshore of the U.S. Southeast coast tonight and through the late week.</u> Regardless of development, heavy rainfall is forecast to continue across portions of the Florida Peninsula during the next few days.

- \*Formation chance through 48 hours...low...10%...
- \*Formation chance through 7 days...low...20%.

<u>Southwestern Gulf of Mexico:</u> A broad area of low pressure could form over the weekend across the southern Gulf of Mexico. Environmental conditions appear to be conducive for some slow development early next week while the system moves slowly westward to west-northwestward. This system poses no threat to Florida.

- \*Formation chance through 48 hours...low...near 0%.
- \*Formation chance through 7 days...low...20%







### Coastal Hazards & Hydrology

**Rip Currents:** Breezy onshore winds and elevated surf will create a **moderate to high risk for rip currents** nearly statewide. A low risk for rip currents can be expected for Nature Coast and Southeast Florida beaches. For the latest Rip Current Outlook, visit <a href="https://www.weather.gov/beach">www.weather.gov/beach</a>.

**Marine Hazards:** Breezy winds will create elevated surf of 2-3' for all beaches statewide, with **isolated breaking waves** upwards of 4' along Southwest Florida beaches at times.

Red Tide has not been observed at or above background levels over the past week.

Coastal Flooding: There is no organized risk for coastal flooding today. Heavy rainfall along the coastlines may runoff towards the coastal waters and beaches, leading to localized beach and coastal erosion at times. Additional instances of localized beach and coastal erosion cannot be ruled out near and during times of high tide along Peninsula coastlines as heavy rainfall tries to runoff.

Flash Flooding: Tropical moisture will surge across the Peninsula over the next few days bringing widespread rainfall, with heavy downpours at times. The Weather Prediction Center (WPC) is outlooking a Slight Risk (level 2 of 4) for Flash Flooding from the I-4 corridor and southward through the Florida Keys, with a Marginal Risk (level 1 of 4) extending through Central Florida and into the northern Peninsula towards Gainesville. Multiple rounds of rainfall, with heavy rainfall rates at times, can be expected throughout the day with the greatest coverage during the afternoon and evening hours. Favorable conditions, especially during the peak heating hours of the day, will give way to heavy and intense rainfall rates at times which could lead to localized flooding at times. Computer model guidance has been inconsistent with the location, timing and intensity of the heaviest rainfall and most intense rainfall rates. The Flood Watch has extended into West-Central Florida (Sarasota and Manatee) counties due to additional rainfall expected today over areas that received several inches yesterday, leading to an increased potential for localized flooding at times across urban and low-lying/poor drainage areas. The Flood Watch remains in effect through Thursday evening across South Florida, while the one for the Keys remains in effect through late tonight; however, depending on conditions and anticipated rainfall over the next few days, it may be extended. Excessive rainfall over saturated grounds and soils from yesterday could lead to instances of minor to locally moderate flooding at times. Drought conditions and below normal soil moisture will help for grounds and soils to take multiple rounds of rainfall before a more widespread flooding concern develops.

Riverine Flooding: There are currently no active River Flood Warnings. Elevated water levels along the Suwannee River will keep water levels within Action Stage (bank-full) as water flows downstream through the Withlacoochee and Suwannee Basins. Multiple rounds of rainfall, with heavy rainfall expected at times, will lead to steady rises within West-Central Florida rives and waterways after weeks of below-normal levels. Riverine flooding is not expected, but rises within water levels can be expected as rainfall deposits into basins. Conditions will continue to be monitored for any potential riverine concerns over the next few days following widespread rainfall. For more details, please visit the River Forecast Center.

<u>Lake Okeechobee's</u> average elevation is 12.70 feet, which is within the operational band and 0.46 feet <u>below</u> normal for this time of year.





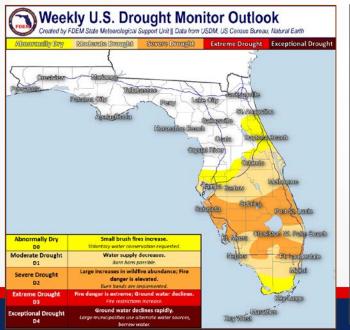
### Drought & Fire Weather

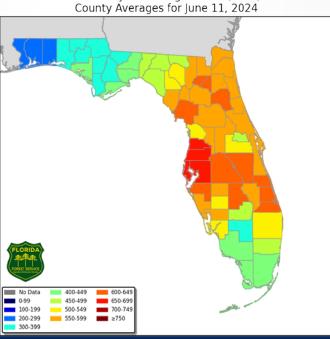
Fire Weather: The wet and active weather pattern will continue across the Peninsula throughout the day and extend into Northeast Florida, bringing scattered to numerous showers with embedded thunderstorms. Tropical moisture will keep relative humidity values well above critical thresholds throughout the day. The greatest concern is embedded lightning and gusty winds within thunderstorms that develop throughout day over drought areas. Sensitive wildfire conditions can be expected along Northeast Florida throughout the day before much needed rainfall later today. Drier conditions can be expected across the Panhandle where relative humidity values will fall near critical thresholds this afternoon, which may create sensitive wildfire conditions at times. Breezy wind gusts outside of thunderstorm activity will reach upwards of 15-20 mph at times Northeast Florida and throughout the Peninsula, with stronger winds gusts upwards of 25 mph possible. Areas of patchy fog may develop overnight and early Thursday morning along the Suwannee Valley and Northeast Florida. According to the Florida Forest Service, there are 98 active wildfires across the state burning approximately 9,344 acres.

<u>Drought</u>: Degrading drought conditions continue throughout the Peninsula as the summertime thunderstorm pattern has been slow to start. Severe drought conditions have expanded across the southern Peninsula and into Broward and Collier Counties, with moderate drought conditions expanding to the I-4 corridor. Above normal temperatures and lack of rainfall has continued to bring worsening drought conditions, with declining streamflows and falling water levels in Lake Okeechobee. Rainfall deficits over the last 90-days have reached 5-8" below normal along the swath of severe drought conditions across Central Florida. Near record high temperatures, dry conditions and lack of summertime rainfall have also contributed to numerous acres of wildfire burns throughout the Peninsula.

The Keetch-Byram Drought Index average for Florida is 509 (-16) on a scale from 0 (very wet) to 800 (very dry). There are 41 Florida with an average KBDI over 500 (drought/increased fire danger). Bradford, Hernando, Highlands, Indian River, Levy, Manatee, Martin, Osceola, Pasco, Pinellas, Polk, Sarasota, St. Lucie and Union Counties have an average KBDI over 600.

Keetch Byram Drought Index (KBDI)

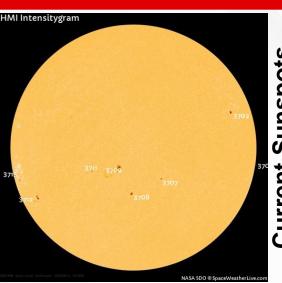


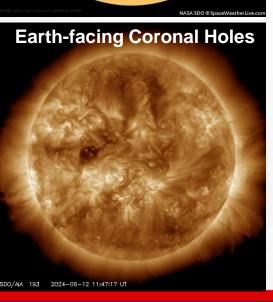






### Space Weather





	Solar X-ray Flux	
	Johan X Tay Than	R5
X		R3
SS M SSS	<u> </u>	R1
Flare Class	and the state of t	RO
	Solar Proton Flux	
5		85
5		S4
(njd) <sup>01</sup> bo 7		S3
90 3		S2
1 da		S1
7		50
_	Geomagnetic Activity	
9		G5
8		G4 G3
× 7		G2
pu be	4+ 4 4	G1
7 6 5 5 4 4 3	4+ 4 4	
987 65 432		GO
1		
2024 Jun 10	Jun 11 Jun 12	Jun 13
	Universal Time	

Solar Flare	Active Watches &	Past 24	
Risk	Warnings	hours	
M-class:	Geomagnetic Storm:	C3 Solar	
50%	None	Flare	
X-class:	Radiation Storm:	No Radio	
10%	None	Blackout	

48-Hour Geomagnetic Forecast			
6/12	6/13		
Max Kp= 5 (G1)	Max Kp= 3 (G0)		
Chance of minor activity = 5% severe activity = 1%	Chance of minor activity = 1% severe activity = 1%		

**Space Weather:** Solar activity can be expected to reach low levels, with an isolated chance for strong (M-class) solar flares through the end of the week. Recently active sunspot #3697 has rotated off the western limb of the sun and is no longer Earth-facing. New sunspots are emerging at the along the eastern limb of the sun and will continue to rotates towards the Earth. The Coronal Mass Ejection (CME) from earlier this week will bring lingering influences, but overall activity will continue to wane throughout the day. With lower solar activity expected compared to the last several weeks, there are no minor (S1) or greater solar radiation storms expected. Unsettled periods within the Earth's geomagnetic field can be expected due to lingering CME effects. No minor (G1) or greater geomagnetic storms are expected. The overall threat to Florida is very low.



#### **SWO Communications Systems & Contact Information**

Equipment	Contact	Status	Comments
Phone:	800-320-0519, 850-815-4001, 850-591-0071 (Backup Cell)	Operational	
Backup Landline:	850-487-3234, 850-487-3228	Operational	
Fax:	850-815-4979	Operational	
Email:	SWP@em.myflorida.com	Operational	
SWO Tracker:	https://apps.floridadisaster.org/SWO/	Operational	
SLERS:	DEM Statewide	Operational	
FNARS:	WGY974	Operational	
Federal NAWAS:	State Watch Office	Operational	
EMnet Message:	FL.000- State Watch Office	Operational	
EMnet Voice:	FL SWP- State Watch Office	Operational	
IPAWS:	LP.1 Stations via Emnet	Operational	
FIN:	SOFEOC	Operational	
Satellite Phones:	888-890-5178 or 480-263-8838	Operational	
Website:	http://www.floridadisaster.org	Operational	

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