Clothes Dryer Fire Safety

While it may be hard to believe, dryer fires are a fairly common cause of home fires. In fact, according to the National Fire Protection Association, dryers and washing machines cause an average of 15,970 fires each year, with dryers causing 92% of them.

To prevent dryer fires, have your clothes dryer installed by a professional. Make sure the correct electrical plug and outlet are used and that the dryer is connected properly. Read manufacturers' instructions and warnings in use and care manuals that come with new dryers.

Clean the lint filter before and after each load of laundry. Don't forget to clean the back of the dryer where lint can build up. In addition, clean the lint filter with a nylon brush at least every six months or more often if it becomes clogged. Clean lint out of the vent pipe every three months.

Have your dryer cleaned regularly by a professional, especially if it is taking longer than normal for clothes to dry. Inspect the venting system behind the dryer to ensure it is not damaged or restricted. Put a covering on outside wall dampers to keep out rain, snow and dirt. Make sure the outdoor vent covering opens when the dryer is on. Replace coiled-wire foil or plastic venting with rigid, non-ribbed metal duct.

If you have a gas-powered dryer, have it inspected every year by a professional to ensure that the gas line and connection are together and free of leaks. Check regularly to make sure nests of small animals and insects are not blocking the outside vent. Keep the area around the clothes dryer free of items that can burn. If you will be away from home for an extended time, unplug or disconnect the dryer.

Don't use a clothes dryer without a lint filter or with a lint filter that is loose, damaged or clogged.

Don't overload the dryer.

Don't use a wire screen or cloth to cover the wall damper. They can collect lint and clog the dryer vent.

Don't dry anything containing foam, rubber or plastic. An example of an item not to place in a dryer is a bathroom rug with a rubber backing.

Don't dry any item for which manufacturers' instructions state "dry away from heat."

Don't dry glass fiber materials (unless manufacturers' instructions allow).

Don't dry items that have come into contact with anything flammable like alcohol, cooking oils or gasoline. Dry them outdoors or in a well-ventilated room, away from heat.

Don't leave a clothes dryer running if you leave home or when you go to bed.

Always have working smoke alarms, check batteries once a month and replace them twice a year. Know two ways out of every room in your house!

For more information, please visit www.NFPA.com or usfa.fema.gov/prevention