

PRESS RELEASE

Colorado Department of Labor and Employment | 633 17th Street, Suite 1200 | Denver, CO 80202

For Immediate Release

Date: June 23, 2025

Contact: Office of Government, Policy, and Public Relations - cdle pr@state.co.us

Colorado Employment Situation – May 2025

Nonfarm Payroll Jobs Increase by 3,400 in May; Unemployment Rate Unchanged at 4.8 Percent

Household survey data

- According to the survey of households, the number of unemployed individuals
 decreased by 100 to 158,700 from April to May. Colorado's seasonally adjusted
 unemployment rate remained unchanged over the same time period at 4.8 percent.
 The national unemployment rate remained unchanged at 4.2 percent from April to May.
- Colorado's labor force decreased by 700 in May to 3,282,800. The share of Coloradans participating in the labor force was 67.7 percent in May, one-tenth of a percentage point lower than the month prior. The U.S. labor force participation rate decreased two-tenths of a percentage point to 62.4 percent in May.
- The number of individuals employed in Colorado decreased by 600 in May to 3,124,100, which represents 64.5 percent of the state's 16+ population. Colorado's employment-population ratio of 64.5 in May remained unchanged from the month prior.
 The national employment-population ratio decreased three-tenths of a percentage point to 59.7 percent from April to May.

Establishment survey data

- Employers in Colorado gained 3,400 **nonfarm payroll jobs** from April to May for a total of 2,991,900 jobs, according to the survey of business establishments. Private sector payroll jobs increased by 3,700, while government lost 300 jobs.
- April estimates were revised up to 2,988,500, and the over the month change from March to April was an increase of 14,900 jobs rather than the originally estimated increase of 8,400 (monthly revisions are based on additional responses from businesses and government agencies since the last published estimates).
- The private industry sectors with significant over the month job gains in May were: educational and health services (≈2,400), other services (≈1,200), leisure and hospitality (≈1,100), and information (≈1,000). The private industry sector with significant over the month job losses was: trade, transportation, and utilities (≈1,200).
- Since May 2024, nonfarm payroll jobs have increased 22,200, with the private sector increasing by 10,200 and government adding 12,000 jobs. The largest private sector job gains were in educational and health services (≈9,200), leisure and hospitality (≈8,900), and information (≈2,200). During that same period, payroll jobs declined in professional and business services (≈3,800), trade, transportation, and utilities (≈3,400), construction (≈2,300), and financial activities (≈1,200). Colorado's rate of job growth over the past year is 0.7 percent, below the U.S. rate of 1.1 percent.
- Over the year, the average workweek for all Colorado employees on private nonfarm payrolls decreased from 33.4 to 33.0 hours, while average hourly earnings grew from \$37.81 to \$39.00, two dollars and seventy-six cents more than the national average hourly earnings of \$36.24.

###

Informational Section

All Colorado estimates from the establishment and household surveys, including greater geographic detail, are available at Colorado LMI Gateway. Estimates for all states and the nation are available at the Bureau of Labor Statistics.

For data visualizations, visit CDLE's Labor Market Information on Tableau.

The June 2025 Colorado Employment Situation will be released at 8:00 AM on Friday, July 18, 2025. The full schedule of release dates for calendar year 2025 estimates is available at <u>Labor Market Information</u>.

Technical Notes

This release provides information on industry employment and labor force statistics for May 2025, the most current estimates available from the Colorado Department of Labor and Employment. The reference period for the establishment survey was the pay period or week that includes the 12th of the month.

The unemployment rate, labor force, labor force participation, total employment, and the number of unemployed are based on a survey of households. The total employment estimate derived from this survey is intended to measure the number of people employed.

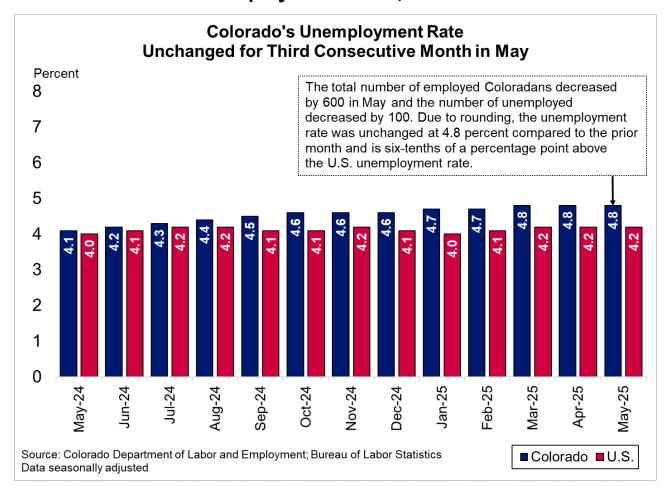
Nonfarm payroll jobs estimates are based on a survey of business establishments and government agencies, and are intended to measure the number of jobs, not the number of people employed. Other series based on this survey include private sector average weekly hours, average hourly earnings, and average weekly earnings.

The business establishment survey covers about seven times the number of households surveyed and is therefore considered a more reliable indicator of economic conditions. Because the estimates are based on two separate surveys, one measuring jobs by worksite and the other measuring persons employed and unemployed by household, estimates based on these surveys may provide seemingly conflicting results.

Supplemental Charts & Tables

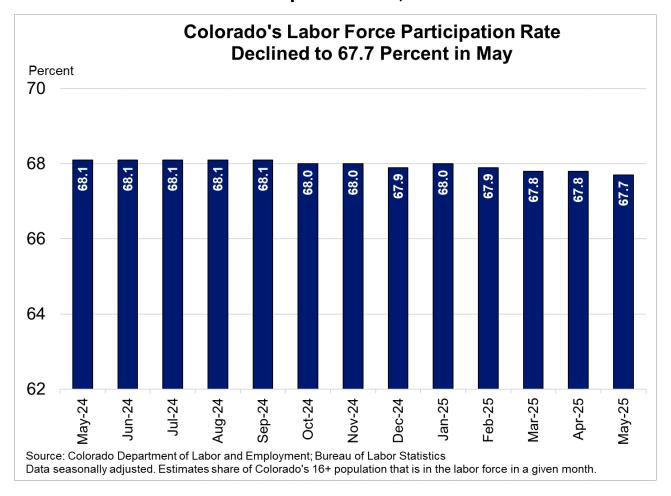
Supplemental charts and tables are available on the remaining pages.

Colorado and U.S. Unemployment Rates, Over Past Year



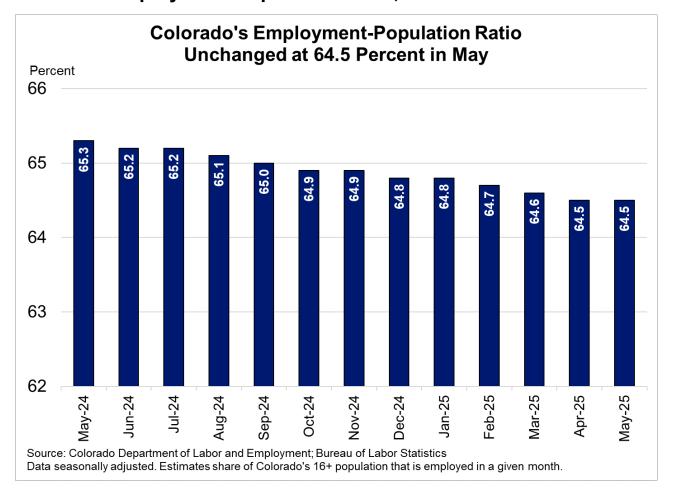
- Colorado's May 2025 unemployment rate was 4.8 percent, six-tenths of a percentage point higher than the U.S. rate of 4.2 percent.
- Prior month rates were 4.8 percent and 4.2 percent, respectively.
- The total number of employed Coloradans decreased by 600 in May and the number of unemployed decreased by 100, though the unemployment rate was unchanged at 4.8 percent.
- Number of unemployed Coloradans decreased by 100 to 158,700.
- Unemployment rate for Colorado has ranged between 4.1 and 4.8 percent over the past year, while the U.S. range has been 4.0 and 4.2 percent.
- These data are seasonally adjusted and are produced by the Colorado Department of Labor and Employment and the Bureau of Labor Statistics.

Colorado Labor Force Participation Rate, Over Past Year



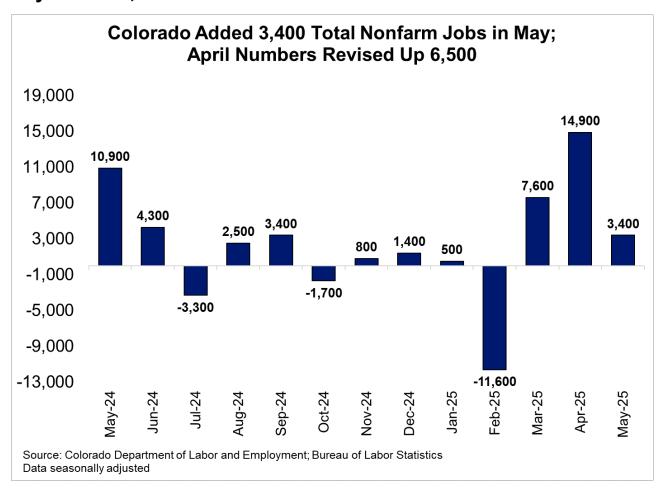
- Colorado's May 2025 labor force participation rate (LFPR) was 67.7 percent, a decrease of one-tenth of a percentage point from April 2025.
- A year prior, Colorado's labor force participation rate was 68.1 percent.
- The labor force participation rate for Colorado has ranged between 67.7 percent and 68.1 percent over the past year.
- The labor force participation rate estimates the share of Colorado's 16+ population that is in the labor force in a given month.
- These data are seasonally adjusted and are produced by the Colorado Department of Labor and Employment and the Bureau of Labor Statistics.

Colorado Employment-Population Ratio, Over Past Year



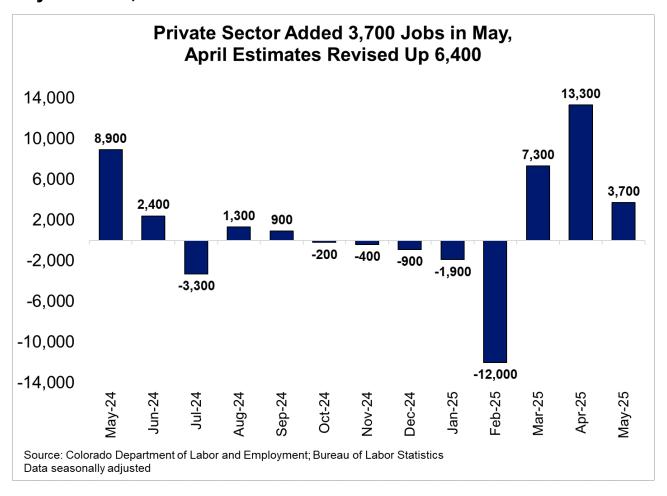
- Colorado's May 2025 employment-population ratio (EPOP) was 64.5 percent, unchanged from April 2025.
- A year prior, Colorado's employment-population ratio was 65.3 percent.
- The employment-population ratio for Colorado has ranged between 64.5 percent and 65.3 percent over the past year.
- The employment-population ratio estimates the share of Colorado's 16+ population that is employed in a given month.
- These data are seasonally adjusted and are produced by the Colorado Department of Labor and Employment and the Bureau of Labor Statistics.

Colorado Monthly Change in the Number of Total Nonfarm Payroll Jobs, Over Past Year



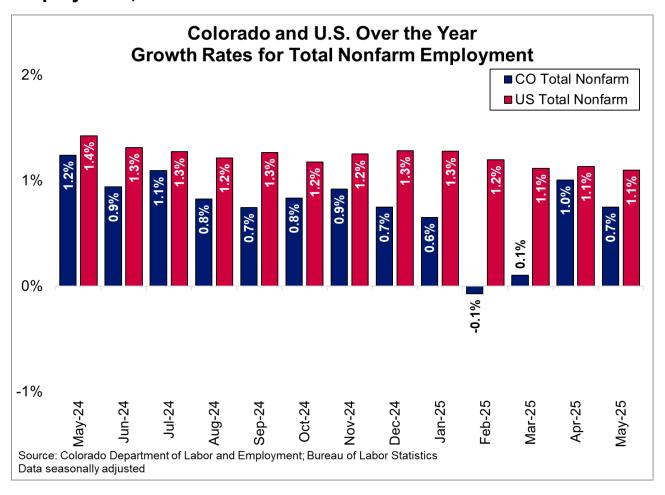
- Colorado gained 3,400 total nonfarm jobs in May 2025 while April numbers were revised up by 6,500. The April revision shows an increase of 14,900 rather than the previously reported increase of 8,400 jobs.
- Since May 2024, the monthly change in Colorado's total nonfarm jobs has ranged between -11,600 (February 2025) and +14,900 (April 2025).
- Out of the 13 months displayed, three have experienced over the month decreases, while over the month increases have occurred in ten months.
- The average monthly change in Colorado's total nonfarm jobs over the past year is +2,500.
- These data are seasonally adjusted and are produced by the Colorado Department of Labor and Employment and the Bureau of Labor Statistics.

Colorado Monthly Change in the Number of Private Sector Payroll Jobs, Over Past Year



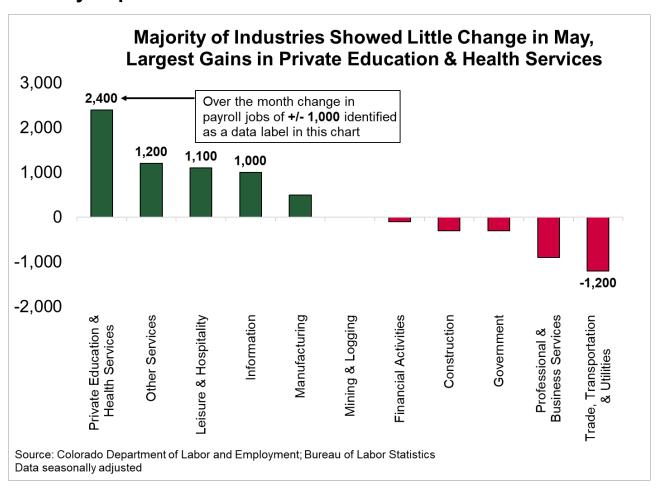
- Colorado private sector jobs increased by 3,700 in May 2025, while April numbers were revised up by 6,400. The April revision shows an increase of 13,300 rather than the previously reported increase of 6,900 jobs.
- Since May 2024, the monthly change in Colorado's private sector jobs has ranged between -12,000 (February 2025) and +13,300 (April 2025).
- Out of the 13 months displayed, six have experienced over the month decreases, while over the month increases have occurred in seven months.
- The average monthly change in Colorado's private sector jobs over the past year is +1,500.
- These data are seasonally adjusted and are produced by the Colorado Department of Labor and Employment and the Bureau of Labor Statistics.

Colorado and U.S. Over the Year Growth Rates for Total Nonfarm Employment, Over Past Year



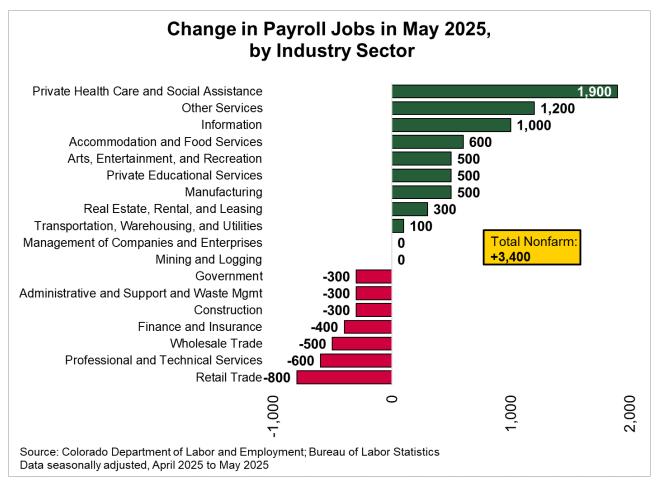
- Colorado's over the year growth rate for total nonfarm employment was 0.7 percent in May 2025, lower than the U.S. rate of 1.1 percent.
- Total nonfarm employment growth rates for Colorado and the U.S. a year prior were 1.2 percent and 1.4 percent, respectively.
- Colorado has lagged the U.S. growth rate in all of the past 13 months. The difference ranged between 1.3 percentage points lower (February 2025) and one-tenth of a percentage point lower (April 2025).
- These data are seasonally adjusted and are produced by the Colorado Department of Labor and Employment and the Bureau of Labor Statistics.

Colorado Most Recent Monthly Change in Payroll Jobs at the Industry Supersector Level



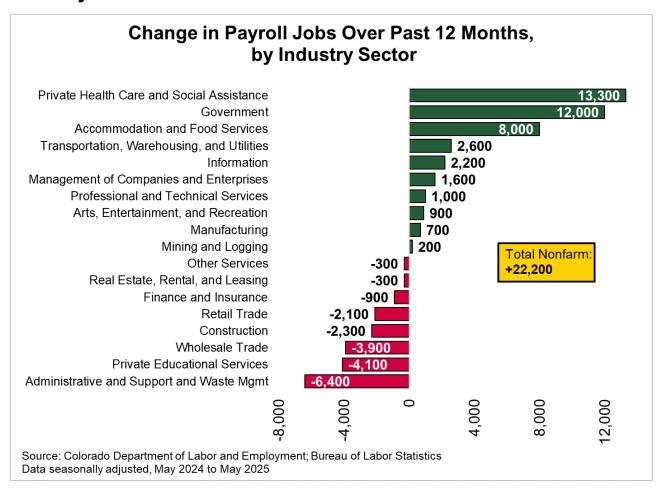
- Five Colorado industry supersectors gained jobs in May 2025, five industry supersectors experienced decreases in employment levels, and one industry supersector was unchanged.
- Notable over the month increases occurred in private education and health services (+2,400), other services (+1,200), leisure and hospitality (+1,100), and information (+1,000).
- A notable over the month decrease occurred in trade, transportation, and utilities (-1,200).
- These data are seasonally adjusted and are produced by the Colorado Department of Labor and Employment and the Bureau of Labor Statistics.

Colorado Change in Payroll Jobs for Most Recent Month, by Industry Sector



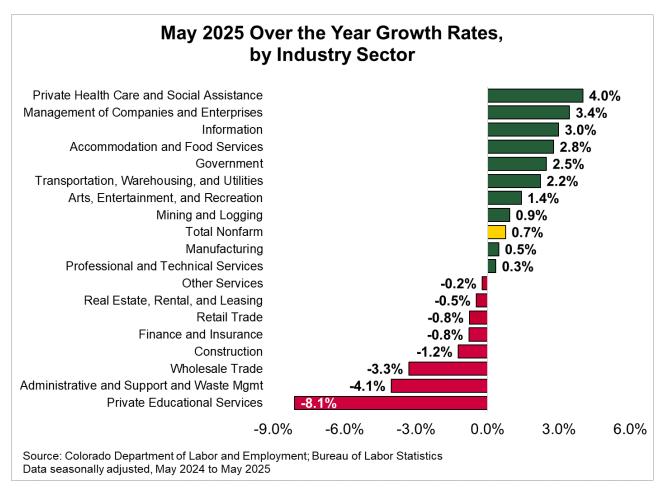
- From April 2025 to May 2025, Colorado gained 3,400 nonfarm payroll jobs.
- Private health care and social assistance added the most jobs at 1,900.
- Other services added the second most jobs over that period at 1,200.
- Information added the third most jobs at 1,000.
- The industry sectors with the largest declines were retail trade (-800), professional and technical services (-600), and wholesale trade (-500).
- Out of Colorado's 18 industry sectors, nine added jobs in May 2025, seven experienced job loss, and two were unchanged.
- These data are seasonally adjusted and are produced by the Colorado Department of Labor and Employment and the Bureau of Labor Statistics.

Colorado Change in Payroll Jobs Over Past 12 Months, by Industry Sector



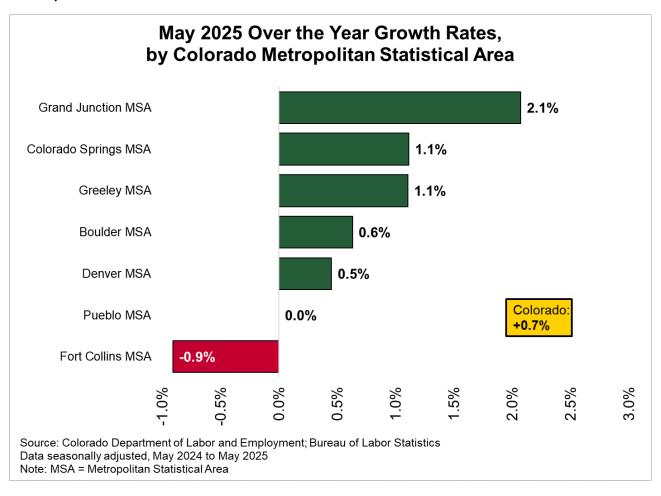
- Over the past 12 months, Colorado has added 22,200 nonfarm payroll jobs.
- Private health care and social assistance has added the most jobs at 13,300.
- Government (+12,000) and accommodation and food services (+8,000) added the second and third most jobs, respectively, over that period.
- The industry sectors with the largest declines over the past year are: administrative and support and waste management (-6,400), private educational services (-4,100), and wholesale trade (-3,900).
- Out of Colorado's 18 industry sectors, ten have added jobs over the past 12 months, while eight have experienced job loss.
- These data are seasonally adjusted and are produced by the Colorado Department of Labor and Employment and the Bureau of Labor Statistics.

Over the Year Growth Rates, by Industry Sector, for Most Recent Month



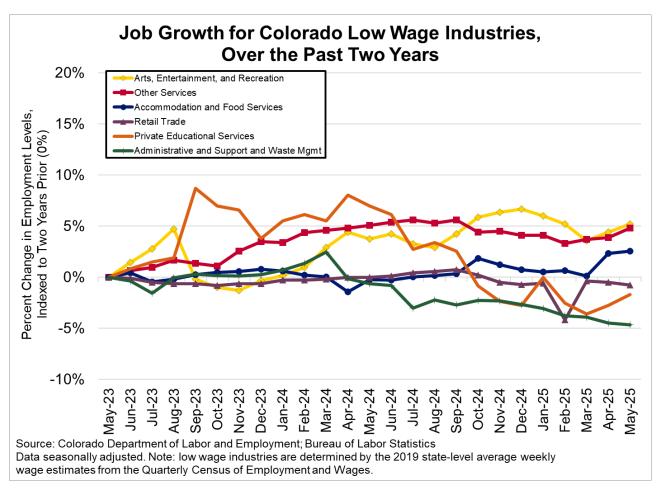
- Colorado's over the year growth rate for total nonfarm employment was 0.7 percent in May 2025.
- Out of Colorado's 18 industry sectors, eight had over the year growth rates that exceeded 0.7 percent and ten fell short of 0.7 percent.
- The industry sectors with the fastest growth rates over the past year are: private health care and social assistance (4.0%), management of companies and enterprises (3.4%), and information (3.0%).
- The industry sectors with the slowest growth rates over the past year are: private educational services (-8.1%), administrative and support and waste management (-4.1%), and wholesale trade (-3.3%).
- These data are seasonally adjusted and are produced by the Colorado Department of Labor and Employment and the Bureau of Labor Statistics.

Over the Year Growth Rates, by Colorado Metropolitan Statistical Area, for Most Recent Month



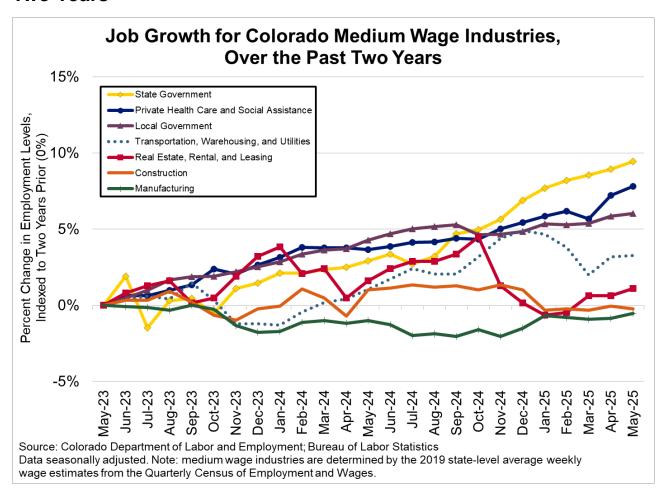
- Colorado's over the year growth rate for total nonfarm employment was 0.7 percent in May 2025.
- Among Colorado's seven metropolitan statistical areas (MSA), the Grand Junction MSA had the highest growth rate (2.1%). Colorado Springs and Greeley had the second highest growth rates at 1.1 percent each.
- The Boulder MSA (0.6%) and Denver MSA (0.5%) also added jobs over the past year.
- The Pueblo MSA was unchanged over the past year.
- The Fort Collins MSA (-0.9%) declined over the past year.
- These data are seasonally adjusted and are produced by the Colorado Department of Labor and Employment and the Bureau of Labor Statistics.

Job Growth for Colorado Low Wage Industries, Over Past Two Years



- This chart measures job growth for low wage industries in Colorado over the
 past two years. The measurement period spans from May 2023 to the most
 recent month available, May 2025. Values above 0 percent indicate
 employment levels have increased relative to May 2023, while values below 0
 percent indicate employment levels have decreased.
- Low wage industries include: retail trade; administrative and support and waste management services; private education services; arts, entertainment, and recreation; accommodation and food services; and other services.
- As of May 2025, three low wage industries have an index value over 0 percent while three have an index value below 0 percent. Administrative and support and waste management has the lowest growth rate over the past two years, at -4.7 percent. Arts, entertainment, and recreation and other services have the fastest growth rates during that period, at 5.2 and 4.8 percent, respectively.
- These data are seasonally adjusted and are produced by the Colorado Department of Labor and Employment and the Bureau of Labor Statistics.

Job Growth for Colorado Medium Wage Industries, Over Past Two Years



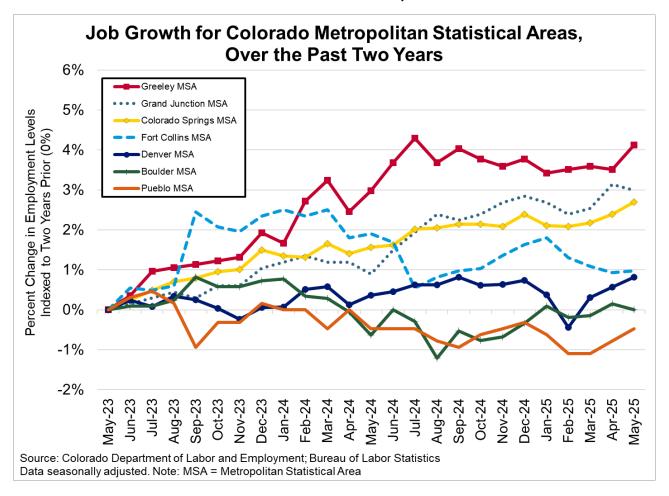
- This chart measures job growth for medium wage industries in Colorado over the past two years. The measurement period spans from May 2023 to the most recent month available, May 2025. Values above 0 percent indicate employment levels have increased relative to May 2023, while values below 0 percent indicate employment levels have decreased.
- Medium wage industries include: construction; manufacturing; transportation, warehousing, and utilities; real estate, rental, and leasing; private health care and social assistance; state government; and local government.
- As of May 2025, five medium wage industries have an index value over 0 percent and two have index values below 0 percent. Manufacturing has the lowest growth rate over the past two years, at -0.5 percent. State government has the fastest growth rate during that period, at 9.4 percent.
- These data are seasonally adjusted and are produced by the Colorado Department of Labor and Employment and the Bureau of Labor Statistics.

Job Growth for Colorado High Wage Industries, Over Past Two Years



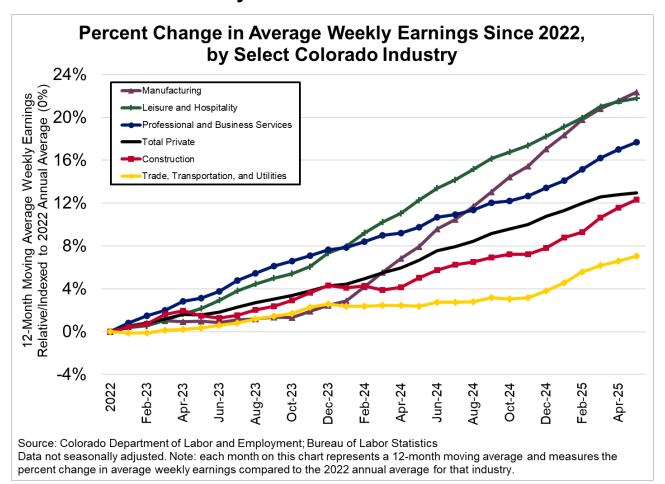
- This chart measures job growth for high wage industries in Colorado over the
 past two years. The measurement period spans from May 2023 to the most
 recent month available, May 2025. Values above 0 percent indicate
 employment levels have increased relative to May 2023, while values below 0
 percent indicate employment levels have decreased.
- High wage industries include: mining and logging; wholesale trade; information; finance and insurance; professional, scientific, and technical services; management of companies and enterprises; and federal government.
- As of May 2025, four high wage industries have an index value over 0 percent and three have an index value below 0 percent. Wholesale trade has the lowest growth rate over the past two years, at -3.3 percent. Management of companies and enterprises has the fastest growth rate during that period, at 2.6 percent.
- These data are seasonally adjusted and are produced by the Colorado Department of Labor and Employment and the Bureau of Labor Statistics.

Job Growth for Colorado Substate Areas, Over Past Two Years



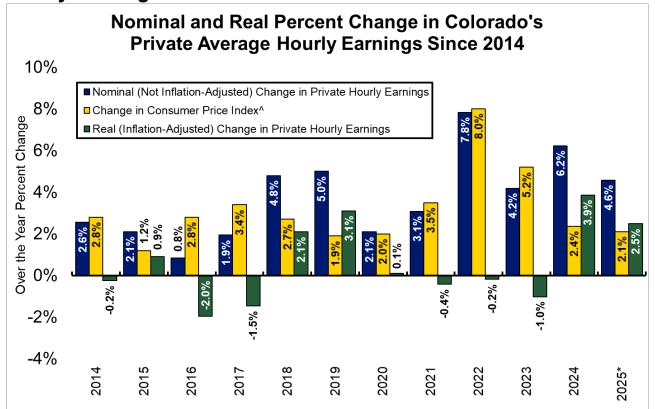
- This chart measures job growth for Colorado substate areas over the past two years. The measurement period spans from May 2023 to the most recent month available, May 2025. Values above 0 percent indicate employment levels have increased relative to May 2023, while values below 0 percent indicate employment levels have decreased.
- Areas included are Colorado's seven metropolitan statistical areas (MSA).
 Boulder, Colorado Springs, Denver, Fort Collins, Grand Junction, Greeley, and Pueblo are MSAs.
- As of May 2025, five areas have an index value over 0 percent, one has an index value at 0 percent, and one has an index value below 0 percent. The Pueblo MSA has the lowest growth rate over the past two years, at -0.5 percent. The Greeley MSA has the fastest growth rate during that period, at 4.1 percent.
- These data are seasonally adjusted and are produced by the Colorado Department of Labor and Employment and the Bureau of Labor Statistics.

Percent Change in Average Weekly Earnings Since 2022, by Select Colorado Industry



- Each month on this chart represents a 12-month moving average and measures the percent change in average weekly earnings compared to the 2022 annual average for an industry. Values above 0 percent indicate that wages have grown relative to 2022, while values below 0 percent indicate wages have declined.
- The five Colorado industries displayed in this chart, along with total private sector, are: construction; manufacturing; trade, transportation, and utilities (TTU); professional and business services (PBS); and leisure and hospitality.
- Manufacturing and leisure and hospitality have the steepest change in earnings, between nearly 22 and over 22 percent, using the most recent 12month average data available.
- Earnings gains for PBS, total private, and construction range between over 12 percent and almost 18 percent.
- Wage growth lags for TTU, which is just over 7 percent.
- These data are not seasonally adjusted and are produced by the Colorado Department of Labor and Employment and the Bureau of Labor Statistics.

Nominal and Real Percent Change in Colorado's Private Average Hourly Earnings Since 2014



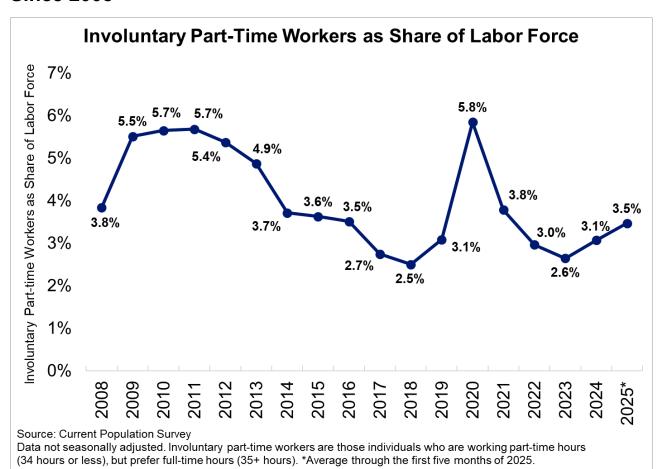
Source: Colorado Department of Labor and Employment estimates; Bureau of Labor Statistics

^Note: Denver-Aurora-Lakewood CPI-U estimates were utilized to adjust average hourly earnings for inflation.

*2025 nominal earnings growth is measured using data for January to May compared to the same period the year prior, while real earnings were adjusted using the over-the-year change in CPI-U for January, March, and May 2025.

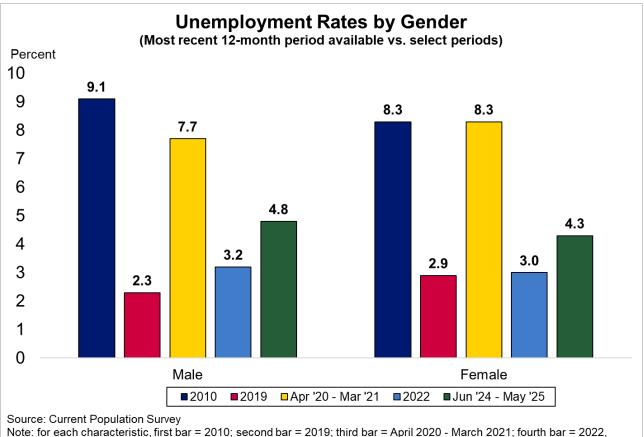
- This chart displays annualized hourly wage data for Colorado from 2014 to 2025.
- Each year contains three key data points: 1) the nominal (not inflation-adjusted) change in private hourly earnings; 2) the change in the consumer price index (CPI) for the Denver-Aurora-Lakewood area, which is used as an inflation measure; and 3) the real (inflation-adjusted) change in private hourly earnings, which simply takes the difference of the first two data points.
- 2025 nominal earnings growth is measured using data for January through May compared to the same period the year prior, while real earnings were adjusted using the over-the-year change in CPI for January, March, and May 2025.
- Real earnings have increased by 2.5 percent in 2025, compared to an increase of 3.9 percent in 2024 and a decrease of 1.0 percent in 2023.
- These data are produced by the Colorado Department of Labor and Employment and the Bureau of Labor Statistics.

Colorado Involuntary Part-Time Workers as Share of Labor Force, Since 2008



- This chart displays the estimated share of Colorado's labor force that works part-time hours (34 hours or less), but prefer full-time hours (35+ hours), from 2008 to 2025. This metric is known as involuntary part-time or part-time for economic reasons.
- The average involuntary part-time share in 2025 is 3.5 percent, a significant improvement from the rate of 5.8 percent in 2020.
- The 2025 rate of 3.5 percent translates to approximately 119,000 individuals in Colorado.
- For historical context, the involuntary part-time rate exceeded 5.0 percent from 2009 to 2012, during the height of the Great Recession. The rate reached a low 2.5 percent in 2018.
- These data are produced by the Colorado Department of Labor and Employment and the Bureau of Labor Statistics.

Colorado Unemployment Rates by Gender, Most Recent 12-Month Period Available vs. Select Periods

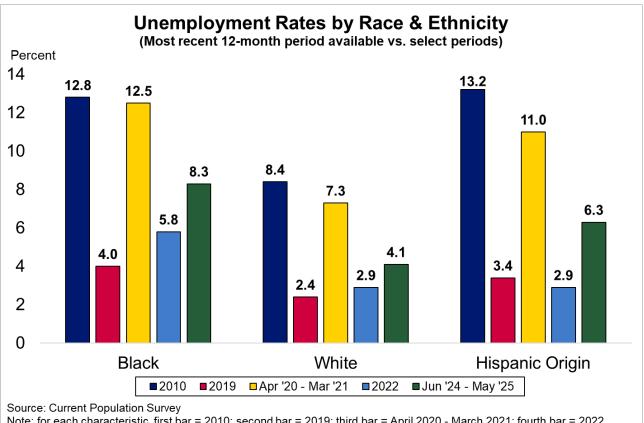


fifth bar = most recent 12-month period available.

Data not seasonally adjusted. Unemployment rates by gender for individuals 16 years and older.

- This chart compares Colorado unemployment rates by gender over five select periods. The periods are: 2010 (the height of the Great Recession); 2019 (marking the last year of a long economic expansion); the 12-month period spanning April 2020 to March 2021 (the height of the pandemic); 2022 (a recent period of low unemployment); and the most recent 12-month period available (June 2024 to May 2025).
- For the most recent 12-month period available, the male unemployment rate is 4.8 percent, and the female unemployment rate is 4.3 percent. The current male unemployment rate is higher than the 2019 rate of 2.3 percent, and the current female unemployment rate is higher the 2019 rate of 2.9 percent.
- Unemployment rates by gender are vastly improved from their pandemic peaks, which ranged between 7.7 percent and 8.3 percent.
- These data are produced by the Colorado Department of Labor and Employment and come from the Current Population Survey.

Colorado Unemployment Rates by Race and Ethnicity, Most Recent 12-Month Period Available vs. Select Periods

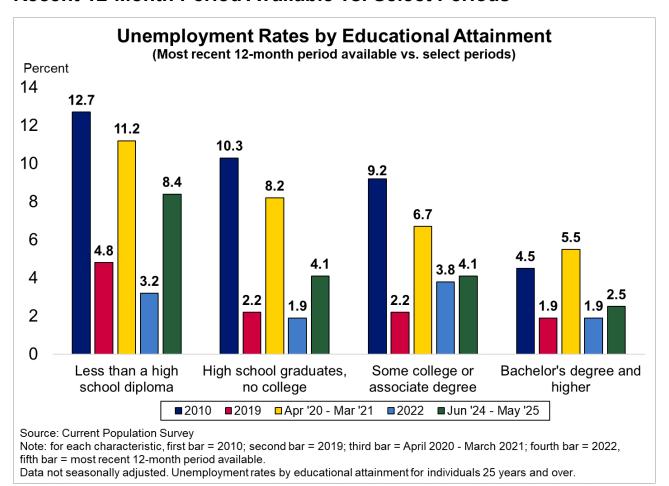


Note: for each characteristic, first bar = 2010; second bar = 2019; third bar = April 2020 - March 2021; fourth bar = 2022, fifth bar = most recent 12-month period available.

Data not seasonally adjusted. Other race categories excluded due to small sample size. Hispanic origin category is not mutually exclusive (i.e. Hispanic and non-Hispanic ethnicities are represented in both race categories).

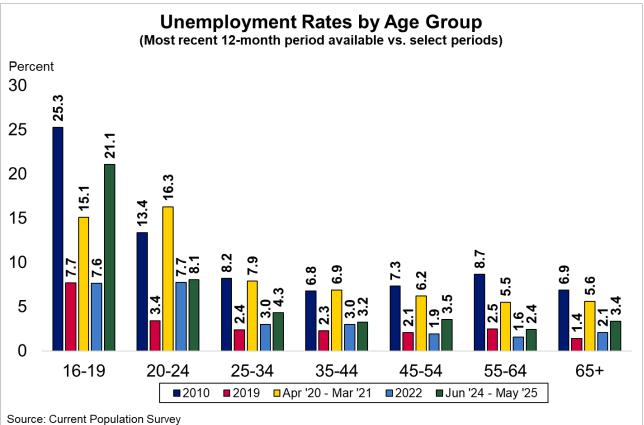
- This chart compares Colorado unemployment rates by race and ethnicity over five select periods. The periods are: 2010 (the height of the Great Recession); 2019 (marking the last year of a long economic expansion); the 12-month period spanning April 2020 to March 2021 (the height of the pandemic); 2022 (a recent period of low unemployment); and the most recent 12-month period available (June 2024 to May 2025).
- For the most recent 12-month period available, the Black unemployment rate is 8.3 percent, the White unemployment rate is 4.1 percent, and the Hispanic unemployment rate is 6.3 percent. The 2019 rates for those groups were 4.0 percent, 2.4 percent, and 3.4 percent, respectively.
- Unemployment rates by race and ethnicity are vastly improved from their pandemic peaks, which ranged between 7.3 percent and 12.5 percent.
- These data are produced by the Colorado Department of Labor and Employment and come from the Current Population Survey.

Colorado Unemployment Rates by Educational Attainment, Most Recent 12-Month Period Available vs. Select Periods



- This chart compares Colorado unemployment rates by levels of education over five select periods. The periods are: 2010 (the height of the Great Recession); 2019 (marking the last year of a long economic expansion); the 12-month period spanning April 2020 to March 2021 (the height of the pandemic); 2022 (a recent period of low unemployment); and the most recent 12-month period available (June 2024 to May 2025).
- For the most recent 12-month period available, unemployment rates by education level are: less than a high school diploma (8.4 percent); high school graduates, no college (4.1 percent); some college or associate degree (4.1 percent); and bachelor's degree and higher (2.5 percent). Respectively, those rates in 2019 were: 4.8 percent; 2.2 percent; 2.2 percent; and 1.9 percent.
- All of the unemployment rates by levels of education are lower than their pandemic peaks, which ranged between 5.5 percent and 11.2 percent.
- These data are produced by the Colorado Department of Labor and Employment and come from the Current Population Survey.

Colorado Unemployment Rates by Age Group, Most Recent 12-Month Period Available vs. Select Periods

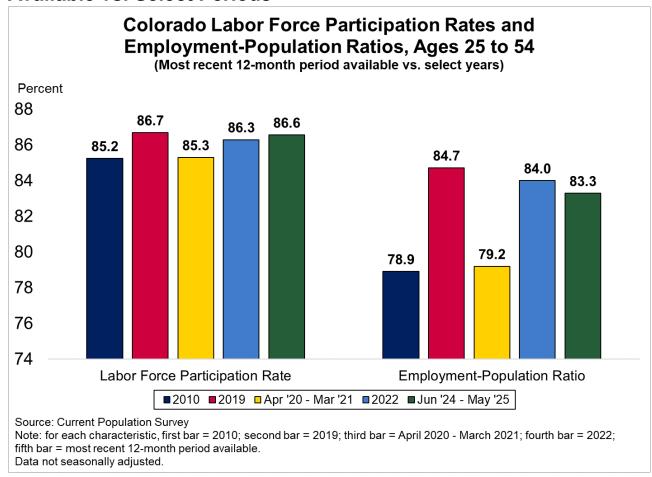


Note: for each characteristic, first bar = 2010; second bar = 2019; third bar = April 2020 - March 2021; fourth bar = 2022, fifth bar = most recent 12-month period available.

Data not seasonally adjusted.

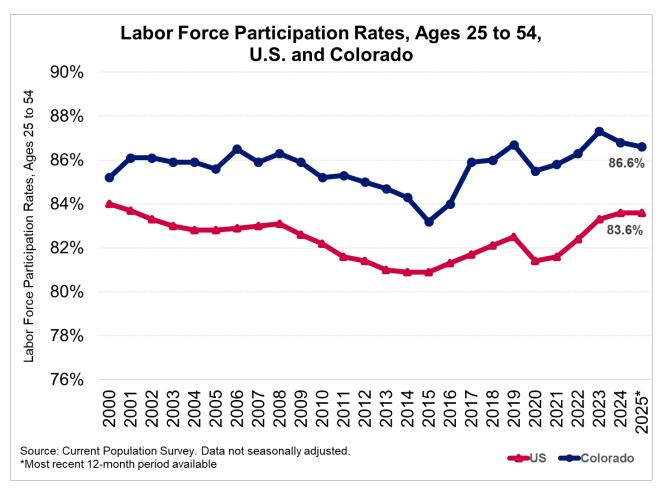
- This chart compares Colorado unemployment rates between seven age cohorts over five select periods. The periods are: 2010 (the height of the Great Recession); 2019 (marking the last year of a long economic expansion); the 12month period spanning April 2020 to March 2021 (the height of the pandemic); 2022 (a recent period of low unemployment); and the most recent 12-month period available (June 2024 to May 2025).
- For the most recent 12-month period available, unemployment rates by cohort are: 16-19 (21.1%); 20-24 (8.1%); 25-34 (4.3%); 35-44 (3.2%); 45-54 (3.5%); 55-64 (2.4%); and 65+ (3.4%). Respectively, those rates in 2019 were: 7.7 percent; 3.4 percent; 2.4 percent; 2.3 percent; 2.1 percent; 2.5 percent; and 1.4 percent.
- All of the unemployment rates by age cohort aside from 16-19 are lower than their pandemic peaks, which ranged between 5.5 percent and 16.3 percent. For the most recent 12-month period, the 16-19 unemployment rate (21.1%) far exceeds its pandemic peak of 15.1%.
- These data are produced by the Colorado Department of Labor and Employment and come from the Current Population Survey.

Colorado Ages 25 to 54 Labor Force Participation Rates and Employment-Population Ratios, Most Recent 12-Month Period Available vs. Select Periods



- This chart compares Colorado labor force participation rates (LFPR) and employment-population (EPOP) ratios for individuals between the ages of 25 and 54, over five select periods. The periods are: 2010 (the height of the Great Recession); 2019 (marking the last year of a long economic expansion); the 12-month period spanning April 2020 to March 2021 (the height of the pandemic); 2022 (a recent period of low unemployment); and the most recent 12-month period available (June 2024 to May 2025).
- For the most recent 12-month period available, the 25-54 LFPR is 86.6 percent, while the 25-54 EPOP is 83.3 percent. The current LFPR has dropped one-tenth of a percentage point below the 2019 period, while EPOP has dropped seven-tenths of a percentage point below the 2022 period and 1.4 percentage points below 2019.
- The current 25-54 LFPR and EPOP rates are higher than their 2020 levels (not pictured), which were at 85.5 percent and 79.9 percent, respectively.
- These data are produced by the Colorado Department of Labor and Employment and come from the Current Population Survey.

Labor Force Participation Rates, Ages 25 to 54, U.S. and Colorado



- This chart displays the labor force participation rate of the United States and Colorado for individuals between the ages of 25 and 54 (also known as prime age) from 2000 to the most recent 12-month period available (June 2024 to May 2025).
- For the most recent 12-month period available, the labor force participation rates for prime age workers in the United States and Colorado were 83.6 percent and 86.6 percent, respectively.
- Colorado's prime age labor force participation rate is consistently higher than that of the United States, ranging between 1.2 percentage points higher (2000) and 4.2 percentage points higher (2017, 2019, and 2021).
- These data are not seasonally adjusted and are produced by the Colorado Department of Labor and Employment and the Bureau of Labor Statistics.

Colorado Labor Force Summary

Source: Colorado Department of Labor & Employment; Bureau of Labor Statistics

Values in Thousands.

Seasonally Adjusted Data from the Local Area Unemployment Statistics Program

| Labor Force Component | May-25 | Apr-25 | May-24 | Change From Last Month | Change From Last Year |
|----------------------------|---------|---------|---------|---------------------------|--------------------------|
| Total Civilian Labor Force | 3,282.8 | 3,283.5 | 3,263.9 | -0.7 | 18.8 |
| Unemployment | 158.7 | 158.8 | 134.0 | -0.1 | 24.6 |
| Unemployment Rate (%) | 4.8 | 4.8 | 4.1 | 0.0 | 0.7 |
| Employment | 3,124.1 | 3,124.7 | 3,129.9 | -0.6 | -5.8 |

Not Seasonally Adjusted Data from the Local Area Unemployment Statistics Program

| Labor Force Component | May-25 | Apr-25 | May-24 | Change From Last Month | Change From Last Year |
|----------------------------|---------|---------|---------|---------------------------|--------------------------|
| Total Civilian Labor Force | 3,261.5 | 3,276.6 | 3,246.6 | -15.1 | 14.9 |
| Unemployment | 148.2 | 152.0 | 128.1 | -3.8 | 20.1 |
| Unemployment Rate (%) | 4.5 | 4.6 | 3.9 | -0.1 | 0.6 |
| Employment | 3,113.3 | 3,124.6 | 3,118.5 | -11.3 | -5.2 |

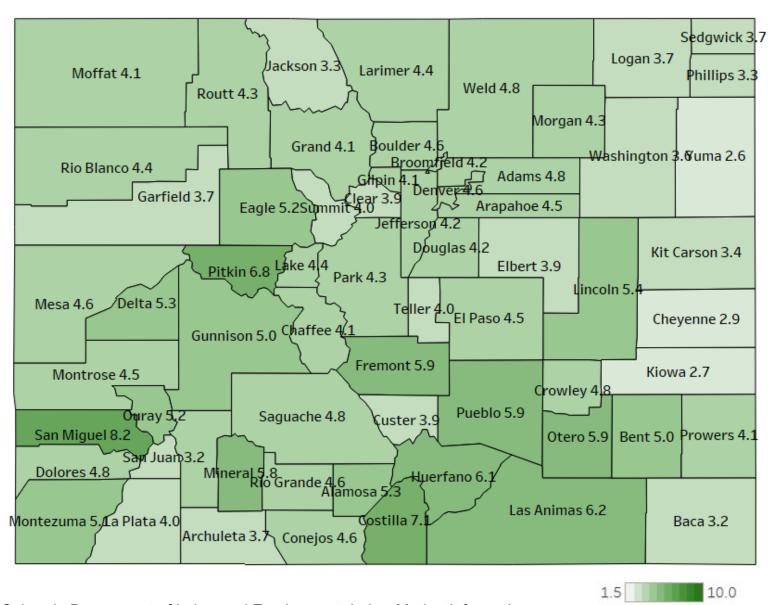
Seasonally Adjusted Data from the Current Employment Statistics Program

| Industry | May-25 | Apr-25 | May-24 | Change From Last Month | Change From Last Year |
|------------------------------------|---------|---------|---------|---------------------------|--------------------------|
| Mining & Logging | 21.9 | 21.9 | 21.7 | 0.0 | 0.2 |
| Construction | 184.5 | 184.8 | 186.8 | -0.3 | -2.3 |
| Manufacturing | 150.6 | 150.1 | 149.9 | 0.5 | 0.7 |
| Trade, Transportation, & Utilities | 505.9 | 507.1 | 509.3 | -1.2 | -3.4 |
| Information | 76.0 | 75.0 | 73.8 | 1.0 | 2.2 |
| Financial Activities | 177.0 | 177.1 | 178.2 | -0.1 | -1.2 |
| Professional & Business Services | 492.9 | 493.8 | 496.7 | -0.9 | -3.8 |
| Educational & Health Services | 391.8 | 389.4 | 382.6 | 2.4 | 9.2 |
| Leisure & Hospitality | 361.3 | 360.2 | 352.4 | 1.1 | 8.9 |
| Other Services | 132.3 | 131.1 | 132.6 | 1.2 | -0.3 |
| Government | 497.7 | 498.0 | 485.7 | -0.3 | 12.0 |
| Total Nonfarm Employment | 2,991.9 | 2,988.5 | 2,969.7 | 3.4 | 22.2 |

Not Seasonally Adjusted Data from the Current Employment Statistics Program

| The common of the process of the contract of t | | | - 5 - | | |
|--|---------|---------|---------|---------------------------|--------------------------|
| Industry | May-25 | Apr-25 | May-24 | Change From Last Month | Change From Last Year |
| Mining & Logging | 21.9 | 22.0 | 21.6 | -0.1 | 0.3 |
| Construction | 186.2 | 182.3 | 188.4 | 3.9 | -2.2 |
| Manufacturing | 150.6 | 149.4 | 150.1 | 1.2 | 0.5 |
| Trade, Transportation, & Utilities | 500.2 | 501.4 | 504.4 | -1.2 | -4.2 |
| Information | 75.7 | 74.8 | 73.7 | 0.9 | 2.0 |
| Financial Activities | 175.8 | 175.7 | 177.5 | 0.1 | -1.7 |
| Professional & Business Services | 493.7 | 493.0 | 499.8 | 0.7 | -6.1 |
| Educational & Health Services | 390.8 | 389.0 | 383.1 | 1.8 | 7.7 |
| Leisure & Hospitality | 357.0 | 356.3 | 345.5 | 0.7 | 11.5 |
| Other Services | 132.5 | 130.6 | 132.6 | 1.9 | -0.1 |
| Government | 506.2 | 501.3 | 494.8 | 4.9 | 11.4 |
| Total Nonfarm Employment | 2,990.6 | 2,975.8 | 2,971.5 | 14.8 | 19.1 |

County Unemployment Rates May 2025



Source: Colorado Department of Labor and Employment, Labor Market Information
Note: Data is not seasonally adjusted. For an accessible data table of the county unemployment rates, go to the Note
Seasonally Adjusted Labor Forced by Metro Area and County Table 3. By County on the following page.

Not Seasonally Adjusted Labor Force by Metro Area and County

Note: All estimates made in cooperation with the U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics and adjusted to Current Population Survey data.

Estimates have been revised to incorporate population data from the American Community Survey.

Table 1. Statewide

| | May 2025 Labor | May 2025 | , | | April 2025 Labor | | April 2025 | |
|-----------|----------------|------------|--------------|---------------|------------------|------------|--------------|-----------------|
| Statewide | Force | Employment | Unemployment | May 2025 Rate | Force | Employment | Unemployment | April 2025 Rate |
| Colorado | 3,261,493 | 3,113,294 | 148,199 | 4.5 | 3,276,588 | 3,124,626 | 151,962 | 4.6 |

Table 2. By Metropolitan Statistical Area

| Metropolitan Statistical Area | May 2025 Labor Force | | | May 2025 Rate | April 2025 Labor Force | April 2025 Employment | | April 2025 Rate |
|-------------------------------|-------------------------|-----------|--------|---------------|---------------------------|--------------------------|--------|-----------------|
| Boulder | 194,378 | 185,476 | 8,902 | 4.6 | 195,353 | 186,280 | 9,073 | 4.6 |
| Colorado Springs | 397,588 | 379,606 | 17,982 | 4.5 | 398,255 | 379,752 | 18,503 | 4.6 |
| Denver-Aurora-Lakewood | 1,773,476 | 1,694,241 | 79,235 | 4.5 | 1,777,184 | 1,694,887 | 82,297 | 4.6 |
| Fort Collins | 207,775 | 198,698 | 9,077 | 4.4 | 207,831 | 198,438 | 9,393 | 4.5 |
| Grand Junction | 80,649 | 76,970 | 3,679 | 4.6 | 81,061 | 77,189 | 3,872 | 4.8 |
| Greeley | 178,294 | 169,734 | 8,560 | 4.8 | 178,846 | 170,060 | 8,786 | 4.9 |
| Pueblo | 73,556 | 69,224 | 4,332 | 5.9 | 73,624 | 69,178 | 4,446 | 6.0 |

Table 3. By County

| Table 3. By County | | | | | | | | |
|--------------------|------------------|------------------|--------------|---------------|------------------|------------------|--------------|-----------------|
| | May 2025 Labor | May 2025 | May 2025 | | April 2025 Labor | April 2025 | April 2025 | |
| Counties | Force | Employment | Unemployment | May 2025 Rate | Force | Employment | Unemployment | April 2025 Rate |
| Adams | 302,591 | 288,041 | 14,550 | 4.8 | 303,241 | 288,173 | 15,068 | 5.0 |
| Alamosa | 7,975 | 7,549 | 426 | 5.3 | 7,950 | 7,528 | 422 | 5.3 |
| Arapahoe | 376,900 | 360,115 | 16,785 | 4.5 | 377,687 | 360,231 | 17,456 | 4.6 |
| Archuleta | 6,975 | 6,718 | 257 | 3.7 | 6,997 | 6,716 | 281 | 4.0 |
| Baca | 1,664 | 1,611 | 53 | 3.2 | 1,684 | 1,627 | 57 | 3.4 |
| Bent | 1,752 | 1,665 | 87 | 5.0 | 1,739 | 1,660 | 79 | 4.5 |
| Boulder | 194,378 | 185,476 | 8,902 | 4.6 | 195,353 | 186,280 | 9,073 | 4.6 |
| Broomfield | 45,572 | 43,648 | 1,924 | 4.2 | 45,648 | 43,654 | 1,994 | 4.4 |
| Chaffee | 9,793 | 9,393 | 400 | 4.1 | 9,767 | 9,366 | 401 | 4.1 |
| Cheyenne | 994 | 965 | 29 | 2.9 | 980 | 953 | 27 | 2.8 |
| Clear Creek | 5,707 | 5,483 | 224 | 3.9 | 5,726 | 5,488 | 238 | 4.2 |
| Conejos | 3,463 | 3,305 | 158 | 4.6 | 3,401 | 3,244 | 157 | 4.6 |
| Costilla | 1,303 | 1,211 | 92 | 7.1 | 1,293 | 1,191 | 102 | 7.9 |
| Crowley | 1,753 | 1,669 | 84 | 4.8 | 1,766 | 1,688 | 78 | 4.4 |
| Custer | 2,224 | 2,137 | 87 | 3.9 | 2,094 | 2,005 | 89 | 4.3 |
| Delta | 12,550 | 11,885 | 665 | 5.3 | 12,568 | 11,855 | 713 | 5.7 |
| Denver | 449,579 | 428,825 | 20,754 | 4.6 | 450,671 | 428,933 | 21,738 | 4.8 |
| Dolores | 1,040 | 990 | 50 | 4.8 | 1,038 | 988 | 50 | 4.8 |
| Douglas | 223,711 | 214,326 | 9,385 | 4.2 | 224,031 | 214,408 | 9,623 | 4.3 |
| Eagle | 32,860 | 31,141 | 1,719 | 5.2 | 35,879 | 34,647 | 1,232 | 3.4 |
| El Paso | 384,594 | 367,136 | 17,458 | 4.5 | 385,212 | 367,271 | 17,941 | 4.7 |
| Elbert | 16,214 | 15,586 | 628 | 3.9 | 16,255 | 15,612 | 643 | 4.0 |
| Fremont | 16,024 | 15,074 | 950 | 5.9 | 15,905 | 14,947 | 958 | 6.0 |
| Garfield | 33,931 | 32,689 | 1,242 | 3.7 | 34,483 | 33,287 | 1,196 | 3.5 |
| Gilpin | 3,722 | 3,570 | 152 | 4.1 | 3,729 | 3,571 | 158 | 4.2 |
| Grand | 8,823 | 8,465 | 358 | 4.1 | 9,201 | 8,855 | 346 | 3.8 |
| Gunnison | 10,645 | 10,118 | 527 | 5.0 | 11,063 | 10,589 | 474 | 4.3 |
| Hinsdale | 336 | 321 | 15 | 4.5 | 325 | 312 | 13 | 4.0 |
| Huerfano | 2,554 | 2,399 | 155 | 6.1 | 2,506 | 2,340 | 166 | 6.6 |
| Jackson | 726 | 702 | 24 | 3.3 | 696 | 669 | 27 | 3.9 |
| Jefferson | 339,884 | 325,459 | 14,425 | 4.2 | 340,578 | 325,619 | 14,959 | 4.4 |
| Kiowa | 738 | 718 | 20 | 2.7 | 755 | 734 | 21 | 2.8 |
| Kit Carson | 3,758 | 3,632 | 126 | 3.4 | 3,766 | 3,637 | 129 | 3.4 |
| La Plata | 29,974 | 28,761 | 1,213 | 4.0 | 29,991 | 28,730 | 1,261 | 4.2 |
| Lake | 4,588 | 4,385 | 203 | 4.4 | 4,937 | 4,756 | 181 | 3.7 |
| Larimer | 207,775 | 198,698 | 9,077 | 4.4 | 207,831 | 198,438 | 9,393 | 4.5 |
| Las Animas | 5,984 | 5,615 | 369 | 6.2 | 5,999 | 5,606 | 393 | 6.6 |
| Lincoln | 1,680 | 1,590 | 90 | 5.4 | 1,701 | 1,606 | 95 | 5.6 |
| Logan | 10,468 | 10,083 | 385 | 3.7 | 10,531 | 10,141 | 390 | 3.7 |
| Mesa | 80,649 | 76,970 | 3,679 | 4.6 | 81,061 | 77,189 | 3,872 | 4.8 |
| Mineral | 398 | 375 | 23 | 5.8 | 352 | 323 | 29 | 8.2 |
| Moffat | 6,430 | 6,167 | 263 | 4.1 | 6,572 | 6,267 | 305 | 4.6 |
| Montezuma | 11,361 | 10,783 | 578 | 5.1 | 11,195 | 10,582 | 613 | 5.5 |
| Montrose | 20,597 | 19,661 | 936 | 4.5 | 20,621 | 19,642 | 979 | 4.7 |
| Morgan | 14,799 | 14,158 | 641 | 4.3 | 14,846 | 14,187 | 659 | 4.4 |
| Otero | 7,203 | 6,780 | 423 | 5.9 | 7,271 | 6,839 | 432 | 5.9 |
| Ouray | 2,427 | 2,301 | 126 | 5.2 | 2,342 | 2,211 | 131 | 5.6 |
| Park | 9,596 | 9,188 | 408 | 4.3 | 9,618 | 9,198 | 420 | 4.4 |
| Phillips | 2,336 | 2,259 | 77 | 3.3 | 2,338 | 2,265 | 73 | 3.1 |
| Pitkin | 11,236 | 10,467 | 769 | 6.8 | 12,594 | 12,169 | 425 | 3.4 |
| Prowers | 5,765 | 5,530 | 235 | 4.1 | 5,784 | 5,559 | 225 | 3.9 |
| Pueblo | 73,556 | 69,224 | 4,332 | 5.9 | 73,624 | 69,178 | 4,446 | 6.0 |
| Rio Blanco | 2,960 | 2,829 | 131 | 4.4 | 2,959 | 2,838 | 121 | 4.1 |
| Rio Grande | 5,328 | 5,083 | 245 | 4.6 | 5,244 | 4,982 | 262 | 5.0 |
| Routt | 13,790 | 13,195 | 595 | 4.3 | 14,783 | 14,246 | 537 | 3.6 |
| Saguache | 3,272 | 3,115 | 157 | 4.8 | 3,294 | 3,134 | 160 | 4.9 |
| San Juan | 524 | 507 | 17 | 3.2 | 482 | 464 | 18 | 3.7 |
| San Miguel | 4,856 | 4,456 | 400 | 8.2 | 4,983 | 4,634 | 349 | 7.0 |
| Sedgwick | 1,050 | 1,011 | 39 | 3.7 | 1,067 | 1,027 | 40 | 3.7 |
| Summit | 19,122 | 18,354 | 768 | 4.0 | 20,976 | 20,312 | 664 | 3.2 |
| Teller | 12,994 | 12,470 | 524 | 4.0 | 13,043 | 12,481 | 562 | 4.3 |
| Washington | 2,374 | 2,288 | 86 | 3.6 | 2,399 | 2,313 | 86 | 3.6 |
| | | | | | | | | |
| Weld Yuma | 178,294 5,376 | 169,734 5,236 | 8,560 140 | 4.8 2.6 | 178,846 5,317 | 170,060 5,172 | 8,786 145 | 4.9 2.7 |

Not Seasonally Adjusted Labor Force by Metro Area and County

Note: All estimates made in cooperation with the U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics and adjusted to Current Population Survey data.

Estimates have been revised to incorporate population data from the American Community Survey.

Table 1. Statewide

| Statewide | May 2025 Labor Force | * | | May 2025 Rate | May 2024 Labor force | * . | May 2024 Unemployment | May 2024 Rate |
|-----------|-------------------------|-----------|---------|---------------|-------------------------|-----------|--------------------------|---------------|
| Colorado | 3,261,493 | 3,113,294 | 148,199 | 4.5 | 3,246,572 | 3,118,460 | 128,112 | 3.9 |

Table 2. By Metropolitan Statistical Area

| Metropolitan Statistical Area | May 2025 Labor Force | | | May 2025 Rate | May 2024 Labor force | May 2024 Employment | | May 2024 Rate |
|-------------------------------|-------------------------|-----------|--------|---------------|-------------------------|------------------------|--------|---------------|
| Boulder | 194,378 | 185,476 | 8,902 | 4.6 | 194,272 | 186,487 | 7,785 | 4.0 |
| Colorado Springs | 397,588 | 379,606 | 17,982 | 4.5 | 392,115 | 376,881 | 15,234 | 3.9 |
| Denver-Aurora-Lakewood | 1,773,476 | 1,694,241 | 79,235 | 4.5 | 1,763,444 | 1,695,316 | 68,128 | 3.9 |
| Fort Collins | 207,775 | 198,698 | 9,077 | 4.4 | 209,426 | 201,549 | 7,877 | 3.8 |
| Grand Junction | 80,649 | 76,970 | 3,679 | 4.6 | 79,749 | 76,580 | 3,169 | 4.0 |
| Greeley | 178,294 | 169,734 | 8,560 | 4.8 | 178,450 | 171,090 | 7,360 | 4.1 |
| Pueblo | 73,556 | 69,224 | 4,332 | 5.9 | 73,498 | 69,611 | 3,887 | 5.3 |

| Table 3. By County | | | | | | | | |
|--------------------|-------------------------|------------------------|----------|---------------|-------------------------|------------------------|-------------------------|---------------|
| 0 | May 2025 Labor Force | May 2025 Employment | May 2025 | May 2025 Rate | May 2024 Labor force | May 2024 Employment | May 2024 Unemploymen | May 2024 Rate |
| Counties Adams | 302,591 | 288,041 | 14,550 | 4.8 | 300,768 | 288,419 | 12,349 | |
| Alamosa | 7,975 | 7,549 | 426 | 5.3 | 8,103 | 7,728 | 375 | |
| Arapahoe | 376,900 | 360,115 | 16,785 | 4.5 | 374,533 | 360,171 | 14,362 | 3.8 |
| Archuleta | 6,975 | 6,718 | 257 | 3.7 | 6,935 | 6,676 | 259 | |
| Baca | 1,664 | 1,611 | 53 | 3.2 | 1,759 | 1,705 | 54 | |
| Bent | 1,752 | 1,665 | 87 | 5.0 | 1,825 | 1,749 | 76 | |
| Boulder | 194,378 | 185,476 | 8,902 | 4.6 | 194,272 | 186,487 | 7,785 | 4.0 |
| Broomfield | 45,572 | 43,648 | 1,924 | 4.2 | 45,260 | 43,586 | 1,674 | 3.7 |
| Chaffee | 9,793 | 9,393 | 400 | 4.1 | 10,090 | 9,743 | 347 | 3.4 |
| Cheyenne | 994 | 965 | 29 | 2.9 | 1,019 | 996 | 23 | |
| Clear Creek | 5,707 | 5,483 | 224 | 3.9 | 5,712 | 5,509 | 203 | |
| Conejos | 3,463 | 3,305 | 158 | 4.6 | | 3,457 | 150 | |
| Costilla | 1,303 | 1,211 | 92 | 7.1 | 1,368 | 1,285 | 83 | |
| Crowley | 1,753 | 1,669 | 84 | 4.8 | 1,786 | 1,723 | 63 | |
| Custer | 2,224 | 2,137 | 87 | 3.9 | 2,334 | 2,250 | 84 | 3.6 |
| Delta | 12,550 | 11,885 | 665 | 5.3 | 12,419 | 11,841 | 578 | 4.7 |
| Denver | 449,579 | 428,825 | 20,754 | 4.6 | 446,289 | 428,639 | 17,650 | 4.0 |
| Dolores | 1,040 | 990 | 50 | 4.8 | 1,094 | 1,048 | 46 | |
| Douglas | 223,711 | 214,326 | 9,385 | 4.2 | 222,682 | 214,460 | 8,222 | 3.7 |
| Eagle | 32,860 | 31,141 | 1,719 | 5.2 | 32,210 | 30,761 | 1,449 | |
| El Paso | 384,594 | 367,136 | 17,458 | 4.5 | 379,225 | 364,453 | 14,772 | 3.9 |
| Elbert | 16,214 | 15,586 | 628 | 3.9 | 16,314 | 15,760 | 554 | 3.4 |
| Fremont | 16,024 | 15,074 | 950 | 5.9 | 15,917 | 15,091 | 826 | 5.2 |
| Garfield | 33,931 | 32,689 | 1,242 | 3.7 | 33,183 | 32,040 | 1,143 | |
| Gilpin | 3,722 | 3,570 | 152 | 4.1 | 3,697 | 3,573 | 124 | 3.4 |
| Grand | 8,823 | 8,465 | 358 | 4.1 | 8,735 | 8,432 | 303 | 3.5 |
| Gunnison | 10,645 | 10,118 | 527 | 5.0 | 10,398 | 9,995 | 403 | 3.9 |
| Hinsdale | 336 | 321 | 15 | 4.5 | 360 | 348 | 12 | 3.3 |
| Huerfano | 2,554 | 2,399 | 155 | 6.1 | 2,526 | 2,378 | 148 | 5.9 |
| Jackson | 726 | 702 | 24 | 3.3 | 747 | 721 | 26 | 3.5 |
| Jefferson | 339,884 | 325,459 | 14,425 | 4.2 | 338,585 | 325,949 | 12,636 | 3.7 |
| Kiowa | 738 | 718 | 20 | 2.7 | 773 | 754 | 19 | 2.5 |
| Kit Carson | 3,758 | 3,632 | 126 | 3.4 | 4,071 | 3,948 | 123 | 3.0 |
| La Plata | 29,974 | 28,761 | 1,213 | 4.0 | 29,667 | 28,557 | 1,110 | |
| Lake | 4,588 | 4,385 | 203 | 4.4 | 4,369 | 4,209 | 160 | 3.7 |
| Larimer | 207,775 | 198,698 | 9,077 | 4.4 | 209,426 | 201,549 | 7,877 | 3.8 |
| Las Animas | 5,984 | 5,615 | 369 | 6.2 | 6,063 | 5,724 | 339 | |
| Lincoln | 1,680 | 1,590 | 90 | 5.4 | 1,757 | 1,688 | 69 | |
| Logan | 10,468 | 10,083 | 385 | 3.7 | 10,729 | 10,380 | 349 | |
| Mesa | 80,649 | 76,970 | 3,679 | 4.6 | 79,749 | 76,580 | 3,169 | |
| Mineral | 398 | 375 | 23 | 5.8 | 399 | 382 | 17 | |
| Moffat | 6,430 | 6,167 | 263 | 4.1 | 6,386 | 6,131 | 255 | |
| Montezuma | 11,361 | 10,783 | 578 | 5.1 | 11,470 | 10,942 | 528 | |
| Montrose | 20,597 | 19,661 | 936 | 4.5 | 20,270 | 19,436 | 834 | 4.1 |
| Morgan | 14,799 | 14,158 | 641 | 4.3 | 14,681 | 14,085 | 596 | |
| Otero | 7,203 | 6,780 | 423 | 5.9 | 7,444 | 7,076 | 368 | 4.9 |
| Ouray | 2,427 | 2,301 | 126 | 5.2 | 2,474 | 2,371 | 103 | 4.2 |
| Park | 9,596 | 9,188 | 408 | 4.3 | 9,604 | 9,250 | 354 | 3.7 |
| Phillips | 2,336 | 2,259 | 77 | 3.3 | 2,448 | 2,375 | 73 | |
| Pitkin | 11,236 | 10,467 | 769 | 6.8 | 10,806 | 10,136 | 670 | |
| Prowers | 5,765 | 5,530 | 235 | 4.1 | 6,047 | 5,839 | 208 | 3.4 |
| Pueblo | 73,556 | 69,224 | 4,332 | 5.9 | 73,498 | 69,611 | 3,887 | 5.3 |
| Rio Blanco | 2,960 | 2,829 | 131 | 4.4 | 2,988 | 2,869 | 119 | |
| Rio Grande | 5,328 | 5,083 | 245 | 4.6 | | 5,305 | 255 | |
| Routt | 13,790 | 13,195 | 595 | 4.3 | 13,814 | 13,225 | 589 | |
| Saguache | 3,272 | 3,115 | 157 | 4.8 | | 3,255 | 134 | |
| San Juan | 524 | 507 | 17 | 3.2 | 493 | 478 | 15 | |
| San Miguel | 4,856 | 4,456 | 400 | 8.2 | 4,766 | 4,412 | 354 | |
| Sedgwick | 1,050 | 1,011 | 39 | 3.7 | 1,103 | 1,069 | 34 | |
| Summit | 19,122 | 18,354 | 768 | 4.0 | 19,195 | 18,510 | 685 | |
| Teller | 12,994 | 12,470 | 524 | 4.0 | | 12,428 | 462 | |
| Washington | 2,374 | 2,288 | 86 | 3.6 | | 2,367 | 76 | |
| Weld | 178,294 | 169,734 | 8,560 | 4.8 | | 171,090 | 7,360 | |
| Yuma | 5,376 | 5,236 | 140 | 2.6 | 5,592 | 5,453 | 139 | 2.5 |

Not Seasonally Adjusted Labor Force for Select Cities in Colorado

All estimates made in cooperation with the U.S. Department of Labor, and Bureau of Labor Statistics and adjusted to Current Population Survey data.

Estimates have been revised to incorporate population data from the American Community Survey.

Table 1. Over the Month

| Area | May 2025 Labor Force | May 2025 Employed | May 2025 Unemployed | May 2025 Rate | April 2025 Labor Force | April 2025 Employed | April 2025 Unemployed | April 2025 Rate |
|------------------|-------------------------|----------------------|------------------------|---------------|---------------------------|------------------------|--------------------------|-----------------|
| Arvada | 72,623 | 69,552 | 3,071 | 4.2 | 72,775 | 69,587 | 3,188 | |
| Aurora | 221,318 | 211,004 | 10,314 | 4.7 | 221,784 | 211,075 | 10,709 | |
| Boulder | 63,287 | 60,136 | 3,151 | 5.0 | 63,522 | 60,397 | 3,125 | |
| Brighton | 23,495 | 22,387 | 1,108 | 4.7 | 23,545 | 22,397 | 1,148 | |
| Castle Rock | 46,926 | 45,028 | 1,898 | 4.0 | 47,077 | 45,045 | 2,032 | 4.3 |
| Centennial | 60,968 | 58,378 | 2,590 | 4.2 | 61,089 | 58,397 | 2,692 | 4.4 |
| Colorado Springs | 265,970 | 254,213 | 11,757 | 4.4 | 266,400 | 254,306 | 12,094 | 4.5 |
| Commerce City | 37,777 | 35,947 | 1,830 | 4.8 | 37,918 | 35,963 | 1,955 | |
| Englewood | 22,383 | 21,422 | 961 | 4.3 | 22,465 | 21,429 | 1,036 | |
| Erie | 19,294 | 18,478 | 816 | | 19,377 | 18,533 | 844 | 4.4 |
| Fort Collins | 101,729 | 97,386 | 4,343 | 4.3 | 101,677 | 97,258 | 4,419 | |
| Fountain | 13,756 | 13,131 | 625 | 4.5 | 13,784 | 13,136 | 648 | 4.7 |
| Grand Junction | 36,064 | 34,439 | 1,625 | 4.5 | 36,199 | 34,537 | 1,662 | 4.6 |
| Greeley | 53,005 | 50,037 | 2,968 | 5.6 | 53,144 | 50,134 | 3,010 | |
| Lafayette | 19,132 | 18,327 | 805 | 4.2 | 19,213 | 18,406 | 807 | 4.2 |
| Lakewood | 92,914 | 88,807 | 4,107 | 4.4 | 93,097 | 88,850 | 4,247 | 4.6 |
| Littleton | 26,574 | 25,487 | 1,087 | 4.1 | 26,624 | 25,494 | 1,130 | |
| Longmont | 58,519 | 55,873 | 2,646 | 4.5 | 58,870 | 56,112 | 2,758 | |
| Loveland | 42,358 | 40,381 | 1,977 | 4.7 | 42,400 | 40,328 | 2,072 | 4.9 |
| Northglenn | 22,622 | 21,459 | 1,163 | 5.1 | 22,621 | 21,469 | 1,152 | 5.1 |
| Parker | 38,082 | 36,478 | 1,604 | 4.2 | 38,121 | 36,492 | 1,629 | 4.3 |
| Pueblo | 47,287 | 44,327 | 2,960 | 6.3 | 47,331 | 44,297 | 3,034 | 6.4 |
| Thornton | 83,961 | 80,068 | 3,893 | 4.6 | 84,176 | 80,105 | 4,071 | 4.8 |
| Westminster | 70,797 | 67,749 | 3,048 | 4.3 | 70,941 | 67,781 | 3,160 | |
| Wheat Ridge | 19,074 | 18,157 | 917 | 4.8 | 19,116 | 18,166 | 950 | 5.0 |
| Windsor | 19,833 | 19,038 | 795 | 4.0 | 19,890 | 19,061 | 829 | 4.2 |

Table 2. Over the Year

| Table 2. Over the Year | May 2025 Labor | May 2025 | May 2025 | | May 2024 Labor | May 2024 | May 2024 | |
|------------------------|-------------------------|----------------------|------------------------|---------------|-------------------------|----------------------|------------------------|---------------|
| Area | May 2025 Labor Force | May 2025 Employed | May 2025 Unemployed | May 2025 Rate | May 2024 Labor Force | May 2024 Employed | May 2024 Unemployed | May 2024 Rate |
| Arvada | 72,623 | 69,552 | 3,071 | 4.2 | 72,333 | 69,657 | 2,676 | 3.7 |
| Aurora | 221,318 | 211,004 | 10,314 | 4.7 | 219,815 | 211,070 | 8,745 | 4.0 |
| Boulder | 63,287 | 60,136 | 3,151 | 5.0 | 63,296 | 60,464 | 2,832 | 4.5 |
| Brighton | 23,495 | 22,387 | 1,108 | 4.7 | 23,364 | 22,417 | 947 | 4.1 |
| Castle Rock | 46,926 | 45,028 | 1,898 | 4.0 | 46,778 | 45,056 | 1,722 | 3.7 |
| Centennial | 60,968 | 58,378 | 2,590 | 4.2 | 60,613 | 58,387 | 2,226 | 3.7 |
| Colorado Springs | 265,970 | 254,213 | 11,757 | 4.4 | 262,195 | 252,355 | 9,840 | 3.8 |
| Commerce City | 37,777 | 35,947 | 1,830 | 4.8 | 37,515 | 35,994 | 1,521 | 4.1 |
| Englewood | 22,383 | 21,422 | 961 | 4.3 | 22,236 | 21,425 | 811 | 3.6 |
| Erie | 19,294 | 18,478 | 816 | 4.2 | 19,281 | 18,605 | 676 | 3.5 |
| Fort Collins | 101,729 | 97,386 | 4,343 | 4.3 | 102,589 | 98,783 | 3,806 | 3.7 |
| Fountain | 13,756 | 13,131 | 625 | 4.5 | 13,573 | 13,035 | 538 | 4.0 |
| Grand Junction | 36,064 | 34,439 | 1,625 | 4.5 | 35,667 | 34,265 | 1,402 | 3.9 |
| Greeley | 53,005 | 50,037 | 2,968 | 5.6 | 52,928 | 50,437 | 2,491 | 4.7 |
| Lafayette | 19,132 | 18,327 | 805 | 4.2 | 19,150 | 18,427 | 723 | 3.8 |
| Lakewood | 92,914 | 88,807 | 4,107 | 4.4 | 92,533 | 88,940 | 3,593 | 3.9 |
| Littleton | 26,574 | 25,487 | 1,087 | 4.1 | 26,415 | 25,491 | 924 | 3.5 |
| Longmont | 58,519 | 55,873 | 2,646 | 4.5 | 58,403 | 56,179 | 2,224 | 3.8 |
| Loveland | 42,358 | 40,381 | 1,977 | 4.7 | 42,663 | 40,961 | 1,702 | 4.0 |
| Northglenn | 22,622 | 21,459 | 1,163 | 5.1 | 22,366 | 21,487 | 879 | 3.9 |
| Parker | 38,082 | 36,478 | 1,604 | 4.2 | 37,901 | 36,501 | 1,400 | 3.7 |
| Pueblo | 47,287 | 44,327 | 2,960 | 6.3 | 47,214 | 44,575 | 2,639 | 5.6 |
| Thornton | 83,961 | 80,068 | 3,893 | 4.6 | 83,507 | 80,173 | 3,334 | 4.0 |
| Westminster | 70,797 | 67,749 | 3,048 | 4.3 | 70,615 | 67,843 | 2,772 | 3.9 |
| Wheat Ridge | 19,074 | 18,157 | 917 | 4.8 | 18,920 | 18,184 | 736 | 3.9 |
| Windsor | 19,833 | 19,038 | 795 | 4.0 | 19,944 | 19,217 | 727 | 3.6 |