Opioids In Alaska

Governor's Advisory Council on Opioid Remediation



Mission: To promote and protect the health and well-being of Alaskans.

ATE of AL

Departiment of Health and Social Soci

Agenda - December 10, 2021, 2-4pm

2:00pm – 2:03pm Attendance

2:03pm – 2:13pm Introductions - 1 minute per person

2:13pm – 2:25pm Purpose of Governor's Advisory Council Opioid Remediation

2:25pm – 2:45pm Housekeeping

2:45pm – 2:50pm 5-minute Break

2:50pm – 3:40pm Overview of the Alaska Opioid Epidemic

3:40pm – 4:00pm Next Steps and Public Comments

Advisory Council on Opioid Remediation - Roster

Nine Voting Members

- Richard Simmons, local gov
- Karl Soderstrom, local gov
- Glenn Steckman, local gov
- Daniel Grimes, local gov
- Bryce Ward, local gov
- Diana Zirul, Tribal
- Christopher Cooke, MHTA
- Brian Fechter, DOR
- Heidi Hedberg, DHSS

Ex-Officio Members – 32nd Legislature

- Senator Tom Begich
- Senator David Wilson
- Rep Ken McCarty
- Rep Liz Snyder

Purpose of Governor's Advisory Council on Opioid Remediation

By December 1 of each calendar year, the Advisory Council shall deliver a report to the DHSS Commissioner, including:

- Input and recommendations regarding how to manage and allocate opioid remediation funds
- Recommendations for a process, or improvements to the process, for receiving input from communities regarding remediation strategies and response to their specific opioid remediation needs
- Recommendations to implement efficient, evidence-based approaches to opioid remediation statewide

Housekeeping

- Zoom etiquette
 - Keep yourself on mute when not talking
 - Raise your virtual hand, use the chat box
- Meeting schedule
 - Next meeting, monthly then quarterly?
 - Public notice of meetings
- Formality for meetings
 - Ground Rules for Successful Meetings
 - Robert's Rules of Order
 - Quorum
- Roles
 - Vice Chair

Overview of the Alaska Opioid Epidemic - Speakers

Alaska Department of Health presenters

Elana Habib, MPH
Opioid Misuse and Addiction Prevention Specialist
Office of Substance Misuse and Addiction Prevention

Theresa Johnson, MBA, CDCS
State Opioid Treatment Authority
Division of Behavioral Heath

Theresa Welton, BSW

Manager

Office of Substance Misuse and Addiction Prevention

Spectrum of Prevention, Treatment and Recovery

Upstream Prevention

 Promote wellness and build resiliency throughout the lifespan by addressing social determinants of health to minimize health disparities.

Misuse Prevention

• Reduce and prevent substance misuse behaviors using evidencebased strategies with fidelity before problem substance use arises.

Harm Prevention

 Reduce and prevent substance misuse and addiction related harms such as overdose, impaired driving, and infectious disease

Treatment

Enhance access to treatment through workforce development and training

Recovery

 Build supportive and resilient communities suited to support Alaskans in recovery



Opioids: Prescription Drugs to Relieve Pain and Illegal Drugs













Codeine

Oxycontin

Vicodin

Fentanyl

Powder Heroin

Black Tar Heroin

Opioids are made from the opium poppy plant or artificially produced to have similar effects





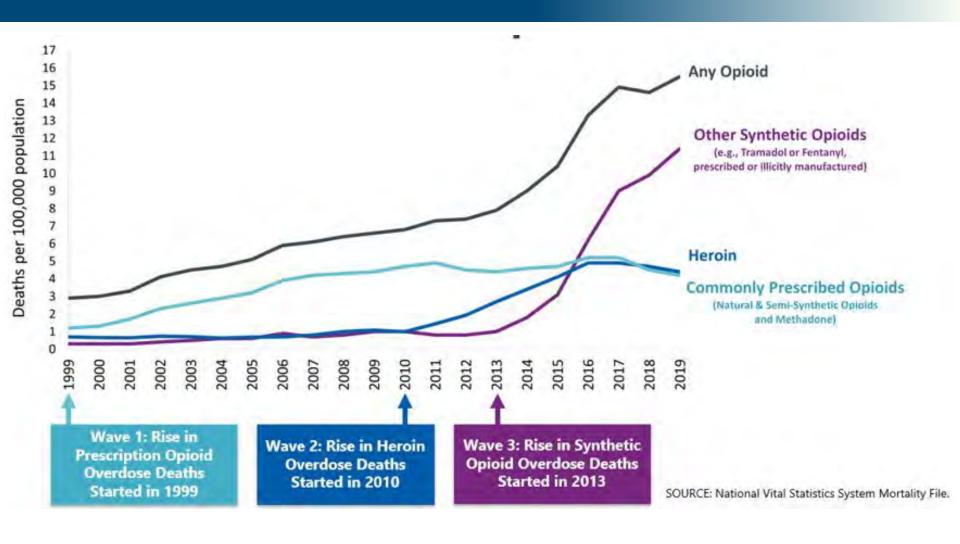


The Role of Emergency Departments and Opioid-Involved Visits

- The Current Status:
 - Between 2018 and 2020, for every 100,000 visits to the emergency department, 41 were opioid related.
- The Problem:
 - Insufficient intervention within the ED even though people who get treated for opioid overdose in ED are 100 times more likely to die within a year from overdose (NIH Medline Plus, 2020).
 - Alaska's ED Utilization rate three times the national average. One in four due to behavioral diagnoses, with 78% including substance use related (RI International, 2019).
- The Cost:
 - \$2.4 million (2018) for emergency department visits out of \$12 million for opioid use disorder related hospital costs (McKinley Group, 2020).
- The Potential for Solutions:
 - The ED is a strong venue to incorporate intervention across the spectrum of care. It can by the only place that high risk people for overdose get care.



Opioid Deaths Continue to Increase in the U.S.



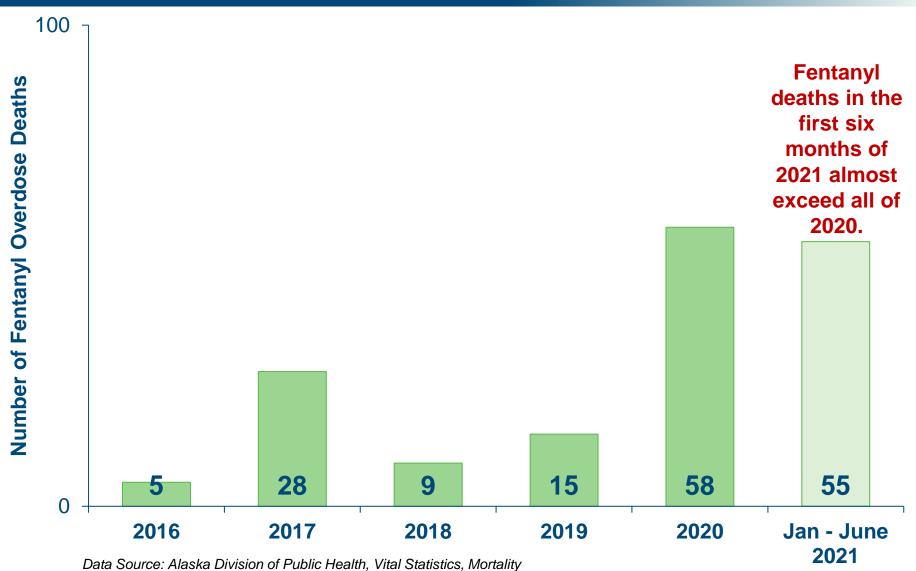




The amounts of heroin and fentanyl shown are enough to cause in an overdose, however not all overdoses are fatal.

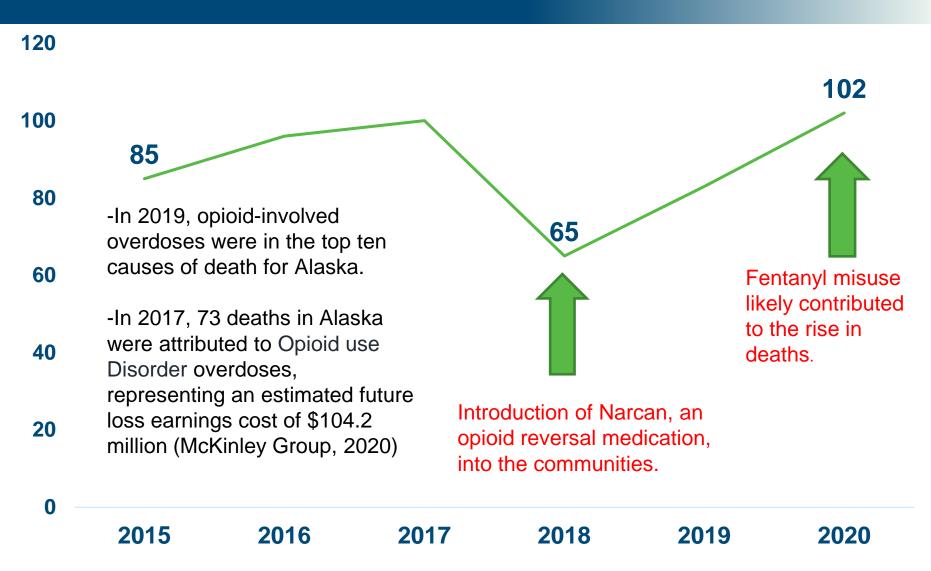
Ę

Fentanyl: 50 times more powerful than heroin



Data Source: Alaska Division of Public Health, Vital Statistics, Mortality *2020 and 2021 data are preliminary and subject to change

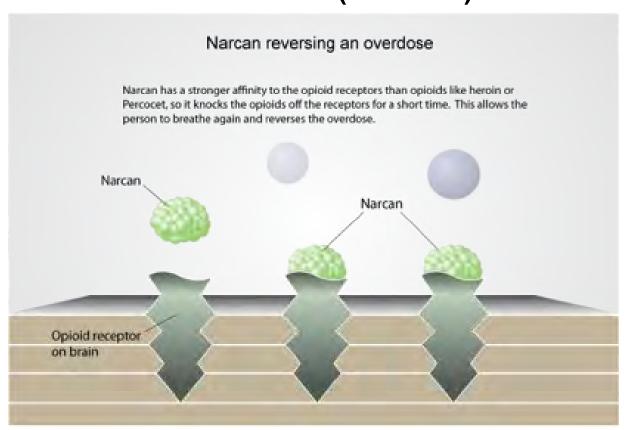
Too Many People have Lost their Lives in Alaska



Data Source: Alaska Division of Public Health, Vital Statistics, Mortality *2020 data are preliminary and subject to change

Naloxone or Narcan: A drug that saves lives

What is Narcan (naloxone)?

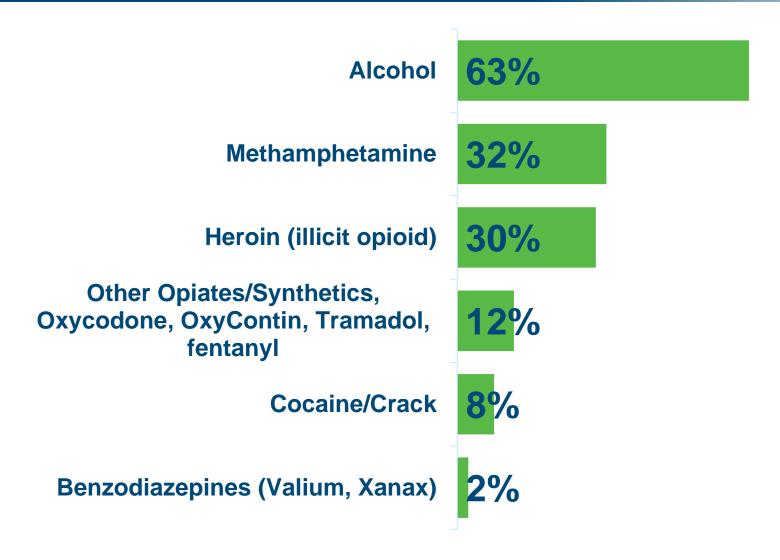


Studies show naloxone:

- Safe
- Has no potential for abuse
- Reverses
 overdoses
 75%-100% of
 the time



Admissions to Substance Use Treatment Programs, FY 2020



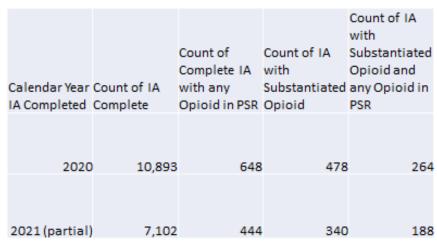
厚

Alaskans Addressing the Opioid Epidemic

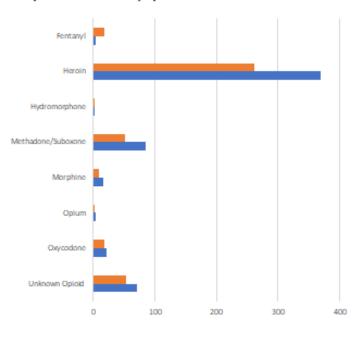
Timeline	Outcome
May 2016	Alaska Opioid Policy Task Force formed
January 2017	Task force recommendations announced
February 2017	Declaration Public Health emergency
June 2017	Office of Substance Misuse and Addiction Prevention formed
August 2018	Statewide Opioid Action Plan Summit
November 2018	Statewide Opioid Action Plan Approved
November 2018- Today	Implementation in Progress
October 2020	Statewide Opioid Action Plan Review Virtual Summit with local, state, and federal partners

Impact on a Family Systems

2020 and 2021 OCS Investigation(IA) and Substantiation Data with Opioid type



*These numbers reflect that at the completion of an investigation, maltreatment by opioid use are found and substantiated at a higher rate than the number of reports alleging opioid use. There is a 40% maltreatment substantiation rate with opioid use compared to an average of 20% among all allegation types

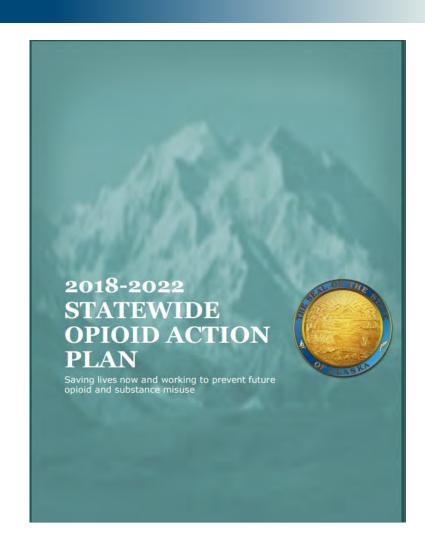


2021 (partial)
 2020



Statewide Opioid Action Plan

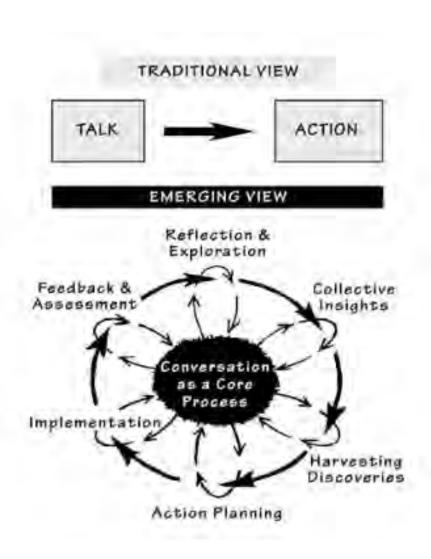
- Vision: Alaskans who live healthier lives in communities more resilient to substance misuse and other interconnected issues.
- Mission: Save lives now and work to prevent future opioid and substance misuse.
- Six goals, 26 strategies, 56 objectives



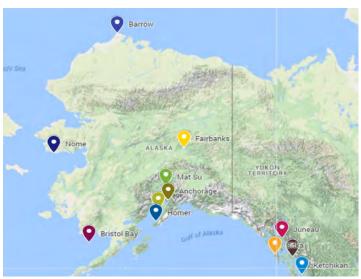
Learn more: https://dhss.alaska.gov/dph/Director/Pages/opioids/home.aspx



Community Cafes – Foundation for the Statewide Opioid Action Plan







Learn more: https://dhss.alaska.gov/dph/Director/Pages/opioids/home.aspx



Statewide Opioid Action Planning Summit

- August 13th and 14th 2018
- 93 local, state, and federal stakeholders
- 80 organizations
- 8 advisory teams





Statewide Opioid Action Plan Goals

- **GOAL 1:** Alaskans unite to reduce stigma and change social norms surrounding substance misuse and addiction
- **GOAL 2:** Alaskans communicate, coordinate, and cooperate on substance misuse efforts
- **GOAL 3:** Alaskans reduce the risks of substance misuse and addiction
- **GOAL 4:** Alaskans experience fewer problems associated with drug use
- **GOAL 5:** Alaskans have timely access to the screening, referral and treatment services they need
- **GOAL 6:** Alaskans build communities of recovery across Alaska

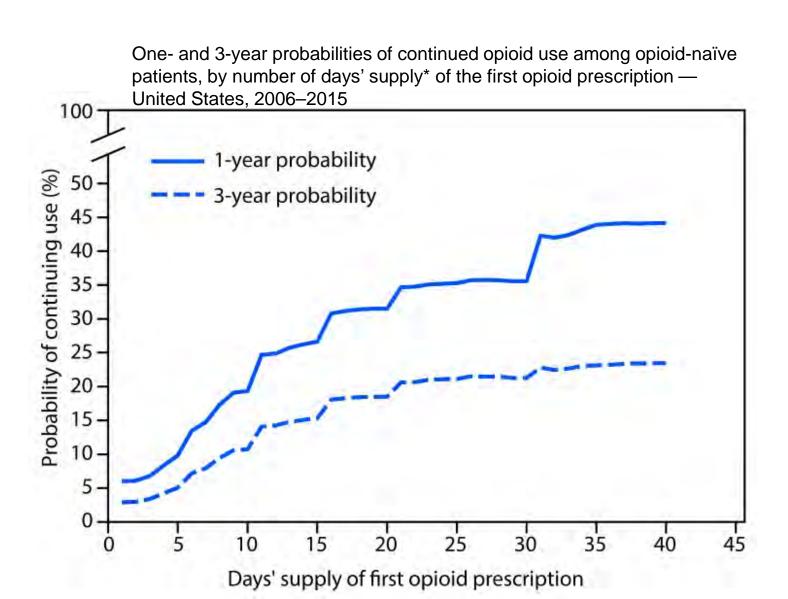


Goal 1: First Step is Addressing Stigma



F

A Prescription-Driven Opioid Epidemic





Goals 2 and 5: Creating Access to Care through improved coordination

Action		
OpenBeds Platform	Utilizing of a database to connect people with real time information regarding treatment programs	
Restore Hope in Linkage to Care	Integrates behavioral health clinicians into emergency response agencies	
Pain Clinic Closure Plan	Creation of a coordinated effort to address when there is an emergency closure of a pain clinic for the providers in the area and patients affected	



Goal 3: Promoting responsible prescribing and dispensing policies and practice

- Prescription Drug Monitoring Program
- Policy intervention like 2017 HB 159 – Pain management education, PDMP reporting, and 7 day supply
- Provider support and education: Project ECHO and UW Pain Management Hotline





Goal 4: Preventing Harm from Happening to the Person Who is Using Substances

Project HOPE

Since 2017,

- 64,250 Narcan Kits distributed
- 127 Overdose Response Programs
- 300+ Lives saved











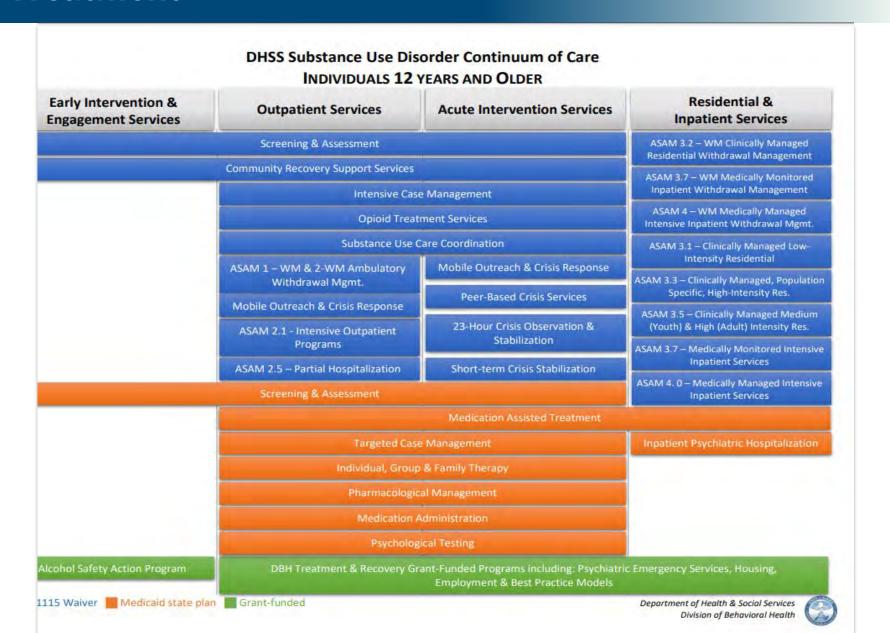
Goal 5 and 6: Treatment and Recovery Services

- Section 1115 Substance Use Disorder (SUD) Waiver
 - Implementing American Society of Addiction Medicine (ASAM) Criteria.
 - Expanding the continuum of care
 - Increase in SUD treatment levels of care
 - Step-up and step-down services (Intensive Outpatient, Partial Hospitalization)
 - Recovery and Support Services





Continuum of Care for Substance Use Disorder Treatment





Opportunities for Improvement: Prevention

- Support agencies who serve those at risk of overdose
- Address stigma
- Ensure naloxone, an opioid reversal drug, is readily available and accessible in a variety of settings
- Expand medication disposal and storage

Opportunities to Improve: Treatment and Recovery



- Workforce
 - Trainings/conferences/workforce support
- New Opioid Treatment Programs
- Supported transitions between levels of care and into community
- Recovery services
 - Supported employment, peer connections



Community Taskforces

- Aleutian Pribilof Islands Opioid and Substance Misuse Task Force
- Bristol Bay Opioid Task Force
- Fairbanks Opioid Work Group
- Juneau Opioid Work Group
- Southern Kenai Peninsula Opioid Task Force
- Change 4 Kenai Coalition
- PIERS Ketchikan/Ketchikan Substance Abuse Task Force
- THRIVE Mat Su
- Mat Su Opioid Task Force
- Prince of Wales Opioid and Addiction Task Force
- Valdez Breaking Point Addiction Recovery Advocacy
- Volunteers of America Anchorage

"The opposite of addiction isn't sobriety. It's connection."

— Johann Hari, <u>Chasing the Scream:</u>
The First and Last Days of the War on <u>Drugs</u>



Thank you for your time Questions?

For additional questions
Elana Habib
Elana.Habib@alaska.gov

Theresa Johnson

Theresa.johnson@alaska.gov

Theresa Welton

Theresa.Welton@alaska.gov

Learn more: http://www.dhss.alaska.gov/osmap/Pages/default.aspx